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A Correction.

The Boston Telegram, in response to a request from a club man of that city, has published the full text of that elegant masterpiece of Mr. Gunnison, the Washington editor, the epitaph upon Little Willie. We regret to observe a misquotation in the poem—a flaw in the diamond—a line out of drawing, as it were, in the canvas of an Angelo; and venture to call the attention of the Telegram to the mistake in the high name of artistic truth.

We give the poem as published in the Telegram:

Little Willie's sick in bed,
Willie had a purple monkey
Monkey ate a dose of lead
And the doctor thought the paint all off
Made him clearly sick.

Willie's mother's a widow now
Willie's pull the pauper's ball
Willie's dead.

His little clothes are packed away
Pa says and ashes to ashes
And pa says ashes
Willie died.

The error occurs in the last stanza. The line reading as follows:

"Pa says ashes to ashes"

The poem does not stand out straight—

The poem looks stiff
The monkey doesn't jump around
Since little Willie died.

Here we see the exquisite symmetry of the poem. After recalling the changing, sportive moods of the angelic child, the poet paints in his contrasting colors and with startling clearness the awful change. The "poem's tail" begins with the day of innocent childhood alluded to in the picture of bounding life, first shows the dreadful alteration, and the gun also is quickly laid aside. But in the Telegram's version the crowning joy of the infant life, the monkey, is represented as being the cause of the death after Willie had gone. What can be more simply pathetic than the lines,

"The monkey doesn't jump around
Since little Willie died."

Against the sense of these eloquent words is a sheer impossibility.

It is right that Great Willie should read the corrected stanza should read:

And pa says he's sad for ten.

As to the merits of the disputes which already have arisen between commentators over every word of this immortal masterpiece of the immortal Bard, there will continue to be a difference of opinion. Light is offered by the picture of Willie's mother, in the phrase "Do I at all look like a widow?" which is an adequate reply to the Telegram and the American to a humble tribute to truth and an unanswerable argument against the poet's fame, and a wife shall say so.

The Fisheries.

THE REJECTION OF THE TREATY A TRUE NATIONAL ISSUE. GREAT BRITAIN BENT ON DESTROYING OUR ENTIRE FISHING FLEET. SPIRITED AND PATRIOTIC WORDS FROM CAPTAIN BARSON OF GLOUCESTER.

To THE EDITOR OF THE BOSTON JOURNAL:

The near approach of the action of the Senate upon the matter of the ratification or rejection of the new Canadian treaty brings the Senatorial representation of every State face to face with the economic fact of whether it is best to give the fullest development to the producing industries of their own State or by adopting the foreign policy of the Administration discourage in all sections and destroy in some the vital marine industry whose field of food products is the entire ocean and whose operations are as yet in comparison with their possibilities almost in their infancy. With the opinions of the most eminent scientists, students of natural history and practical men showing the unlimited supply of ocean life, and controlling as we do the larger part of the eastern shores of the Pacific and western shores of the Atlantic, with rivers, lakes and bays innumerable, with every variety, of fish within our reach, with a population growing at the rate of over two millions yearly, with a scientific commission established whose investigations and practical application of fish propagation make the necessity of foreign aid to our fish supply an absurdity, and has shown, and is showing, that the multiplicity of our fish products are without limit. Is it statesmanship, is it common sense to stimulate by treaty or legislation the marine power of a nation which has unceasingly sought, and is now seeking, by the destruction of the American ocean fisheries, to wipe out and destroy that great resource of every marine power, and thereby cripple the United States upon the ocean, and thus make good the boast of her statesmen (who are wise) that the control of the ocean commerce (which includes the fisheries) means to Great Britain the control of the world? The representatives of the fishing interests have never sought to make the consideration of this question a political issue. Their appeals have ever been patriotic and the geography of our country gives to nearly every State a practical interest in this question. In all legislative action so far the appeals have been answered from an American standpoint, resulting in almost unanimous action of the Senate and House in their favor. The most able Senators of both parties have advocated their cause, and the noble instincts of American citizens and American patriotism have triumphed over party and partisan. The last census, 1880, has shown by thorough and official inspection and report 134,126 persons directly engaged in the fishing industry; capital invested, $77,855,339; value of products, $41,089,095; number of vessels, 6995; boats, 14,524. Maryland has 20,008 persons engaged in the fisheries; capital invested, $6,342,413; value of products, $5,221,715; vessels, 1459; boats, 2825. Virginia has 18,864 persons engaged in the fisheries; invested capital, $2,000,000; products, $3,124,444; vessels, 1446; boats, 6654. Maine has 14,731 persons engaged in the fisheries; invested capital, $506,591; products, $845,605; vessels, 95; boats, 2714. Altogether the South Atlantic and Gulf States have 57,549 men engaged in the fisheries; invested capital, $8,963,297; products, $8,859,874; vessels, 3241; boats, 14,583, having in these states over half a million individuals in families and subsidiary industries dependent upon the fisheries for living, and the Senators from those states are expected to vote for a treaty to destroy this industry. The fisheries of these states, under proper development, could be increased ten-fold. Yet under their present limited status they are nearly equal to Canada in amount. The Canadian official report shows 59,493 men employed; invested capital, $6,975,409; vessels, 1117; boats, 28,872. The question for the South Atlantic States to decide is whether their neglected fishery industries, which are now fully equal to Canada, shall be increased and developed, as they surely will be if this treaty is defeated, or whether Canada shall have the benefit of the markets which belong to the Southern fisheries.

In no direction is the fishery industries capable of greater development than the Southern Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific States, and while the immediate direct issue may seem to affect more largely the North Atlantic and lake states, the new treaty opens the way for the destruction of the entire fishery interests of the country. Already Canada has the free markets of the United States for all the fresh or ice preserved fish she can send here. Her fishermen are all paid a bounty by their Government, the money from the interest of the Halifax award of $5,500,000 paid under the last commission, their vessels, apparatus, etc., are exempt from local taxation, while United States fishermen are locally taxed about $500,000 yearly. And now the United States is asked to ratify a treaty which takes from American fishermen the use of hundreds of square miles of the open ocean and by its very concessions of the privileges of humanity or hospitality justifies every act of outrage and abuse since 1818, which outrages and abuses were defined by Mr. Bayard in his letter to Mr. Phelps as being a plan to obstruct and destroy the American fisheries, and which also makes permanent, in article 11, the well-known policy of Lord Salisbury, viz., that all treaty rights or privileges secured to citizens of the United States on the coasts and in territorial waters of Canada shall ever be subject to the local laws of Canada, both as to rights, interpretation and penalty. This treaty also surrenders by this justification every position taken by American statesmen from the formation of the Government, makes Mr. Bayard's protests against maliciously planned outrages appear silly and leaves no ground for restitution or remuneration for outrage, damage or illegal fines and penalties heretofore exacted, or those of which Mr. Bayard complained in his letter to Mr. Phelps. The fatal admission of Mr. Bayard in that letter that he was afraid of war was the initial point of weakness and the white robed procession of members of Parliament through the United States deprecating war and threatening retaliation.

Sir Charles Tupper, G. C. M. G., C. B., Minister of Finance of the Dominion, one of the Plenipotentiaries in forming this treaty, in answer to an inquiry in the Canadian Parliament as to what advantages Canada derived from the treaty, said, prudently, "Hush! Canada's advantages must not be declared pending the action of the United States Senate." He knew that if was an entire surrender of the American case and contention, and a complete justification of Canada's barbarism and outrages in the past and the complete warrant for the future. But it would not do to say so until, what? The true inborn, national American sentiment—larger than party, larger than section, had acted and considered it to deserved oblivion? Oh, no, that was not it. But until the President of the United States, whose Administration has been the private and public every British interest, had sent the party lash, hissing and stinging the air around every Democratic Senator, and they had either stood up as true Americans or degraded themselves by submission to a despotism such as never before has been on exhibition at the White House. The American people can afford to be generous, but the American nation cannot afford to destroy its own industries, weaken its marine power, hand down to the dog upon the ocean, for the purpose of building up the power of a foreign European nation on this Continent. It is contrary to the established faith of the founders of the republic, as expressed in the Monroe doctrine.

If Canada were a free and independent nation, one of the American sisterhood of nations, the case would be different. But Canada is now a portion of that great chain of British interests which connects the Atlantic and Pacific, which, in connection with Australia and South Africa, incloses the commercial transit of the globe. Nearly every line of ocean steamers is in possession of Great Britain. Her supply and coaling stations environ every route. Her commercial tonnage, excepting all vessels under 100 tons and all naval vessels, is 10,539,066 tons more than all of the rest of the world combined. If this treaty is ratified and her power of shipbuilding, after the same fashion, shall be increased and developed, as they surely will be if this treaty is defeated, or whether Canada shall have the benefit of the markets which belong to the Southern fisheries.

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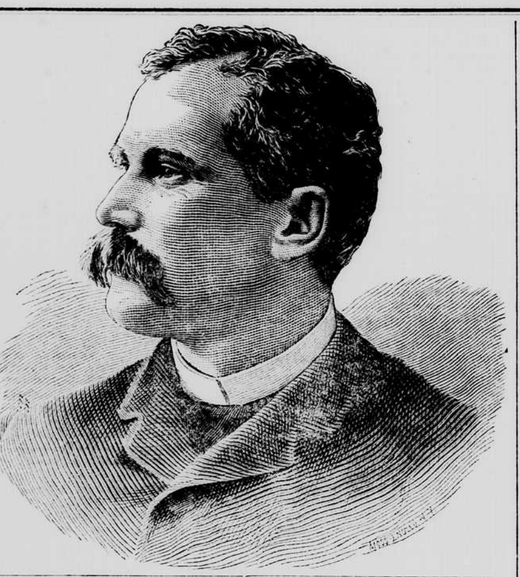


Hon. Edwin C. Burleigh,

the Republican nominee for Governor, is of English-Irish descent, with a dash of sturdy Scotch blood running in his veins. His grandfather, Col. Moses Burleigh, came in early life from Sandwich, N. H., to Maine, and settled in Palermo. In 1830 he removed to Linneas, Aroostook county, where he was a long time postmaster, held all the town offices, was a representative to the General Court of Massachusetts, to the legislature of Maine, was deputy land agent and member of the convention to form the constitution of Maine.

Mr. Burleigh's father, Hon. Parker P. Burleigh, is still a resident of Linneas, where he is extensively engaged in farming. He is 76 years of age, and has represented his town and district in both branches of the State Legislature, was commissioner on the settlement of public lands in 1869, and for many years was State Land Agent.

His son, the Republican nominee for Governor, was born in Linneas Nov. 27, 1843. In early life he became inured to the toil and hardships incident to the life of a pioneer in a new settlement. He was educated in the little pleasant towns of Linneas, and at Houlton Academy, where were laid the foundations of a successful business life.

Long before attaining his majority, he farmed summers, taught school winters, and did considerable land surveying.

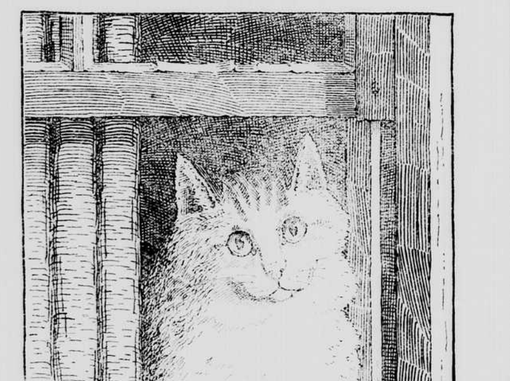
In his youth he was active in the organization of temperance societies, and when a mere boy was worthy chief templar of a lodge of Good Templars. He is in thorough sympathy with the principles of the prohibitory liquor law, and in favor of its right and impartial enforcement. All of the leading spirits in the various temperance organizations were heartily and earnestly in favor of his nomination.

In 1861, not having attained his majority, Mr. Burleigh enlisted in the District of Columbia cavalry, and with a brother went into camp at Augusta. On account of illness he failed to pass a medical examination, and subsequently was employed as clerk in the adjutant-general's office. He was assistant clerk of the Maine House of Representatives in 1876, '77, '78, and during the same time was state land agent. In 1880 he was clerk in the office of state treasurer, serving until 1885, when he was promoted to the treasurership, and has held the position ever since.

Mr. Burleigh has a fine physique, is a picture of robust manhood, standing more than six feet in his stockings, and weighing some 200 pounds. He is a gentleman of genial and pleasant manners, of sterling common sense and varied knowledge, and a man of great energy of character and excellent habits.

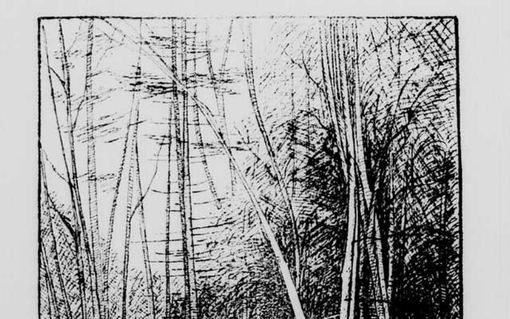
Belfast Artists at Portland.

Messrs. H. L. Woodcock and P. A. Sanborn, of this city, were among the exhibitors at the recent exhibition of the Portland Society of Art, and both were honored with a place in the illustrated catalogue issued by the society. Through the courtesy of the artists we are enabled to reproduce these illustrations, of which, however, it must be said that they are mere outlines, and do not represent the value of the pictures. Mr. Sanborn was represented by a cat portrait:



"100. TRAVELLERS WHIST." P. A. SANBORN.

This little is somewhat of a puzzle to the uninitiated, and a word of explanation may be in order. In "Travellers Whist" the players look from the car windows on opposite sides and count the animals seen as they pass along, each animal representing a certain number. A cat in a window counts 100, and you see it above.



BIRCHES. H. L. WOODCOCK.

Mr. Woodcock's picture is a winter scene, painted at Searsmont the past winter, and is perhaps his most successful landscape. It was warmly commended by the Portland critics, and is certainly a fine piece of work.

Brighton Cattle Market.

BRIGHTON, June 12, 1888.

Amount of live stock at market—Cattle 559; Sheep and Lambs, 3950; Swine, 18,000; Horses, 166; Western cattle, 458; Northern cattle, 77.

Prices of Beef Cattle per 100 lbs live weight Extra, $5 50@6 00; first quality, $5 12½@5 37½; 2d quality $4 50@5 00; third quality, $4 02½@5 10 poorest grades of coarse Oxen, bulls, etc., $3 12½@3 50.

Brighton Hides, 6c. ₱ lb; Brighton Tallow 3½c ₱ lb; Country Hides, 5@5½c ₱ lb; Country Tallow, 1½@2½c. ₱ lb; Calf Skins, 5@6c ₱ lb. Dairy Skins, 15@50c each; Wool Skins, $1 00@$1 50 each Sheared Skins 20c each. Lamb Skins 40c.

The trade for beef cattle was slow and prices higher for all grades of cattle. Prices for cattle have been ruling high at Chicago for the past two weeks, and those brought to market have been selling at an advance in price equal to ½@¾c per pound higher than they did one week ago. At the prices butchers were buying lightly in anticipation of a decline in prices before another week, butchers' cattle selling at $5@5 90 per 100 lbs. live weight.

Sheep and Lambs. Western sheep were costing 4½c and lambs 7½c per lb. live weight, landed at the slaughter houses.

Swine. Western fat hogs all owned by butchers and costing 6@6½c per lb. live weight, landed at the slaughter houses.

Senator Voorhees recently visited the Pension Office, Washington, and was astonished to recognize in a man hauling a truck filled with documents an ex-Judge once prominent in Indiana. Stopping him the Senator exclaimed: "Thunder and lightning! A Judge in Indiana—a horse in Washington!" The next day the "horse" was promoted to a place more befitting his former dignity.

No bill was found by the Grand Jury in the case Mrs. Abbie H. Corner, the Christian scientist, of West Medford, Mass., who was charged with failing to provide medical attendance for her daughter, Mrs. Lottie A. James, during the confinement which resulted in her death.

Libel Suits Against Newspapers.

We have seen no more excellent statement of the average advantages of a libel suit against a newspaper compared with other means of obtaining redress for real or fancied injuries, than that made by the Detroit Free Press, in a recent issue, when commenting on the outcome of a suit for $25,000 against the Detroit Journal wherein the plaintiff withdrew his suit and confessed that he would never have brought it save for the repeated importunities of five different lawyers who kept "nagging at him" to pitch in and go for the paper. The Free Press says:

"The man of real standing and reputation who has been injured by a newspaper publication knows very well that he can get prompter and better redress by a single request to the publishers than he can through a suit. He knows that no reputable newspaper intentionally libels anybody, and that all such papers are more than ready to make the fullest possible reparation when through mistake or otherwise they have done wrong to anybody."

This is a fair statement of the case and it is doubtless a fact that in a great many cases the desire of some ambitious attorney to gain notoriety in a libel case, has as much to do with bringing such suits as any expectation or desire for damages on the part of the plaintiff. [Bridgeport, Ct., Standard.

The recent severe rains have caused the greatest flood ever known in northern Minnesota. Along the banks of the logging streams, tributary to the St. Louis river, millions of acres of land are overflowed and a loss of life is feared.

The town of Woburn becomes the 25th Massachusetts city, having voted to accept a city charter.

Maine Industries and the Mills Bill.

EXTRACTS FROM THE SPEECH OF HON. S. L. MILLIKEN.

Now I desire to promote by every rational and honest means the prosperity of the farmer and workingman. First, because I have been both, and know how to sympathize with them; and secondly, because I regard the farmers as the great conservative element of our people, and because the workingman is he whose strong arms and sturdy will turn our crude resources into materials for the comfort and happiness of mankind. But the professional farmer and laborer, he who with hands as soft as a kitten's ear, never having done a day's manual labor in his life, and who knows not enough about farming to set a hen, who goes about giving us theories upon labor and shouting his love for the workingman and farmer from the house-top, is not a character that inspires my confidence or commands my respect.

OUR HOME MARKET.

The farmer wants the best market for his produce and the workingman wants the same for his toil. They have it now at home; but whatever gives away the American market to the foreigner, as free trade proposes to do, is inimical to both farmer and toiler, and to every producer of whatever pursuit in the land.

Yes, our home market is the best in the world; the best for the farmer, because he sells in it to those whose earnings enable them to pay him the most for his products; the best for the laborer, because he works for those whose profits enable them to pay him the most for his toil; the best for the manufacturer, because he therein sells his goods to a more thrifty nation of consumers than can anywhere else be found. This home market with all its unrivalled advantages the Democratic free-traders propose to open and share with all the producers upon the globe who choose to come to it to sell their pauper-made goods. And will they not come to it? Aye, they are looking through and over our fence of protection to it as eagerly as hungry flocks and herds ever looked from barren pasture lands into fields of rich bluegrass and clover.

The protectionists say that these rich fields are our own; that their fertile acres are for our own people, those who live under our flag, fight our battles, pay our taxes, develop our resources, enhance our industries, and contribute the greatness and glory of our country. We say to the honest and industrious foreigner, "You may come in through the gate and enjoy with us, but you shall not reach over or through and gather our substance while you remain on the other side of the fence, and are neither with us nor of us nor for us."

The Democratic free-trader says, on the other hand, it costs something in the way of taxes to keep up this fence, and what we may be benefited by the enjoyment of our great advantages we are not all benefited alike. Some who are more industrious than others get more than an equal share of these blessings; therefore we will throw down the fence and let all the world reach in and despoil our fair fields of prosperity.

OUR CARRYING TRADE.

And gentlemen who have for years refused to vote even the smallest subsidies to our shipping have the temerity to say that protection has demolished our carrying trade. Somebody the other day quoted James Russell Lowell upon this subject. That gentleman is not good authority in New England. He has lived life pretty well, but, as George Francis Train once said of Lord Brougham, "He has been a sort of cucumber politician—best when he was green." He has become so galvanized with the notions of old England that New England can hardly recognize that he is one of her sons, and is beginning to be sorry for the fact that he is.

It is not the tariff that has affected our carrying trade unfavorably. Its decline began in 1855, long before the present tariff was instituted. Afterwards, from 1861 to 1865, our ships were swept off the ocean by Democratic cruisers of English build, and Democratic hostility to protective legislation for our foreign carrying trade has completed its ruin. Our domestic carrying trade, which has had the benefit of protection is in a fairly flourishing condition. But even that our Free Trade Democracy wish to destroy in the foreignest.

Gentlemen tell us that a great cry comes up from the people for it. And whom do they call the people? Why, certain Free Trade newspapers, members of the Cobden Club, college professors, and Democratic politicians. But what of the Knights of Labor? Have they been at the doors of the Capitol urging the passage of the Mills bill, that great work of the greatest committee of the House? No. On the contrary, their protests against it have been loud and loud. What of the merchants, and workingmen, and farmers and all the men who earn their bread in the sweat of their faces? Where are their petitions? In the petition-boxes, presenting a picture of free trade disaster which they believe this bill will work.

A few men anxious to surrender our markets as they are to give up our shipyards, our fisheries, and our manufactories to foreign possession, and a few British-inspired newspapers and a flood of circulars from the Cobden Club, make a great noise, and it is called the voice of the people. They will hear the voice of the people, the real, living, actual people of this country, if this bill shall pass, when the working man, deprived of labor, or shorn in the rate of his wages; when the farmer, seeing the departure of his home market; when the manufacturer, looking upon his untenanted mills; when the merchant, realizing in diminished returns for his goods, the pinching poverty of his customers, shall let their ballots speak at the polls.

Their petitions are here now. They have come up from the workingmen in almost every industry in the country, but they have been unheeded by the majority of the Ways and Means Committee, and they are not such workingmen as Henry George; not the theoretical workingman; not the man who sows and reaps and rots, "Look at me; big Injun workingman; workingmen's great friend and advocate," but practical workmen who put their hands to labor, who do work and not talk it simply, and who know from the school of all teachers, hard experience, what the workingman's interest is. And they do know it better than any free-trade theorist or college doctrinaire can tell them. They have, many of them, known enough to come to this protected land of plenty, and to those who knew not before are fast learning what it is that gives them houses here whereas they had none in the lands they came from, what gives them comfort and education for their children here while they had none there. They know it is not free-trade Democracy, which, while with loud speech pretending to be the laboring man's friend, has for generations held him down under the heel of absolute despotism in one section of the country and deluded him with specious promises and pretensions in the other, but that great Republican party which broke the shackles of bound and tethered labor in the south and now maintains a wall of protection to it all over the country; which has never bought and sold the man and woman who toil in any land, and will not consent that they shall be prostrated and swept down by a deluge of the cheap products of pauper labor from Europe now.

That party which gave to the poor people of the country the homestead law; to the freedman school's and the ballot, and has fought always, as now, to give the high wages and the means of intelligence to those who toil and to their children, that is the party which has been the friend in fact, and not simply in speech, of the workingman, which recognizes labor as the magician that, with the wand of toil, touches our country's resources and summons them forth in forms of usefulness and beauty; which sees in the thrift of the laborer the prosperity and progress of the people, and which has treated him with respect, never despising nor oppressing him at any period of our history in any section of our land.

WHO SUPPORT THIS BILL?

Who are the supporters of this bill? The men who a few years since did not believe in the Republic and do not believe in protecting its industries now; they who wrote in a new constitution of a new Confederacy which they attempted to set up within the domain of the Union these words: "Nor shall any duties or taxes on importations from foreign nations be laid to promote or foster any branch of industry." These men dominate the Democracy to-day as they did prior to the war. They were then and are now recognized in England and here as free traders; they are now, as then, the American pets of the British free-trade aristocracy. They and their Northern followers constitute the present Democratic party, and they support this bill for the destruction of American industries as they did the unnatural rebellion for the destruction of the American Union twenty-five years ago; and I confidently predict that their present project will fail as completely and fortunately for the country as did their former one.

Let it be admitted, if you please, that they were honest in their undertaking then, but the conflict which it precipitated was none the less terrible for that; and their success, had they been victorious, would have introduced consequences no less disastrous. If they be honest in their present purpose they are no less deluded now than then; they no less fail to comprehend the right and wrong of the situation; and their success, could they achieve it, would bring ruin hardly less complete to the nation.

Secession and free trade were born of the same parentage and reared in the same school. The one has had its day and died, smothered in the blood it caused to flow and amid the throes of a civil war which it created. God forbid that such a calamity shall be in store for us as that the others hall ever have its day in this country. If it shall have it, then it will meet with the fate of its sister; but when the ruin is not deplore the wrecks it must necessarily make in the mean time?

A BETTER WAY TO REDUCE THE REVENUES.

There is a better way than that proposed in the Mills bill to reduce the revenues and prevent continual accumulation of a surplus in the Treasury. We are now paying duties amounting to $58,000,000 annually upon imported sugar. I introduced early in the session a bill to repeal this sugar duty, and to pay a bounty equal to the present rate of duty upon sugar raised in the country. The bounty would amount to not more than $6,000,000; so that those $52,000,000 of taxes would be saved to the people and the surplus reduced to that extent, and $12,000,000 more, making $64,000,000 reduction. This would destroy no American industry. It would leave sugar protected just as it is now and be sure to reduce the surplus, something that the Mills bill will not do, because it is very certain to increase the revenues by increasing importations as much as it curtails them by its free list.

But you fear the word "bounty." Then, let us reduce the sugar duty to $8,000,000 per year, and let that sum, or so much of it as may be necessary, be paid to the American sugar planters to equal the rate of duty now upon the sugar they produce. This will be as much a duty as if we collected the $58,000,000 which we now do. It will remedy all the trouble about the surplus and harm no one. Indeed, it will do more to stimulate experiments in making sugar from sorghum and beets as well as from cane than a duty as now imposed. The sugar interest of France, Germany and Italy has been developed by direct bounties, and several States of our country have resorted to this method with good results and no harm done to any one. This policy would more than anything else quicken the efforts of our people to invent new processes of manufacture as well as to try new materials for the production of sugar.

And this plan would not be sectional in its effects. Sugar is consumed equally in all parts of our country. It is an article of prime necessity in every State and town in the land, and it equally affects all classes. The use of sugar is confined to neither poor nor rich, nor workman nor employer. It is the largest food charge in every family, and there is no article of consumption the cheapening of whose cost would be so generally and sensibly felt. The reduction of the duty would be very large, the present tariff being 76 per cent., and therefore be a greater saving to the people than could be made upon anything else. Indeed, it would carry more comfort to more American homes than any change in our revenue laws which can be made.

And this plan also would be entirely in line with the protective principle. The industry is to be protected. It is not proposed to protect it by a high duty, because the prime object of a protective duty, namely, the growth and expansion of the industry protected, and the competition arising therefrom, can not, at present at least, be secured in the case of sugar. The sugar growing territory of our country is limited, and we produce no more sugar now than we did thirty years ago. The bounty will stimulate the experimenter and inventor, and when he shall have found the process of producing an unlimited amount of sugar in our country at a fair cost, the duty may be repealed if it shall then be found to be desirable to have it done. The repeal of the sugar duty and protection of the sugar industry at the same time, in the manner which I have stated, is American in its policy. It does not sacrifice any industry to the foreigner, nor put one industry to any other industry or interest in our country.

OUR POWER TO PROTECT LABOR.

The gentleman from Mississippi [Mr. Hooker] when he argues that "we have no power to protect labor," mistakes the plan and purpose of protectionists. We do not seek to protect the product of our own country against another, but all of them that require and deserve it from foreign competition. And this has proved successful beyond measure. It has raised the price of labor; has given us a splendid home market for our products, diversified our industries, and has made us independent in industrially as we are politically; it has stimulated the creation of new industries, caused competition among our own people, and reduced prices to the consumer below what he hertofore paid for the goods then made here. It has developed our resources and given labor to our workmen and brought to us a prosperity never before realized by any people among the nations of the earth.

Under a protection we have recovered from the destructive ravages of a great war; have paid thousands of millions of indebtedness and interest on the same; covered our land with thriving towns, fertile farms, and great cities; our area has just been increased to 1 acres, making it the largest garden in the State. It is divided as follows: Three acres of potatoes, 1 14 of onions, 1 of mangel wurtzels, 2 of sweet corn, 2 of small fruits, 1 of peas, 3-4 of carrots, parsnips, yellow-eyed and pole beans, tomatoes and celery. The greenhouse department is self-sustaining, the outlay exceeding the returns only $6.42 last year. A large quantity of plants are sold annually, and the present spring over $100 worth have been retailed by one Augusta druggist. Now that the erection of the new building has been given up, there will be no very extensive improvements this season. It is likely, however, if permission is obtained from Washington, the new road to the arsenal grounds will be laid out and graded.

HAMLIN'S FAREWELL PUBLIC ADDRESS.

Hon. Hannibal Hamlin's speech at Ellsworth on Memorial Day was one of the most touching and in many respects one of his most effective efforts for years. It was notable in one respect as it was his last public speech. The following extract from it will be read with much interest:

"I ought not to have attempted to speak here to-day, in view of my indisposition, but there was one thing which tempted me strongly to come. There is one thing that I can say and say truly, which I doubt if any other man can say. I have spoken for years, probably more than any other living man in New England, but having pledged my word to speak, I never yet failed to keep my appointment. I did not wish to break that record, and so I am here to-day. There is one other reason why I wished to speak here to-day. I am now seventy-eight years of age, and having now spoken enough, I am done with speech making. Memorial Day is a glorious day, and I know of no better day on which to make my last address upon such an occasion as this. I do not say that I may not hereafter speak briefly, as for instance to respond to a toast, but with this occasion my labor as a public speaker is done."

THE SCHOONER YACHT MONHEGAN.

The Bath Times says of the Burgess yacht Monhegan built in that city for A. S. Rice, Esq., of Rockland: She is probably as fine a fitted boat as any of her size in the country. The cabin is as large as the dimensions of the craft will allow and is divided into three main compartments. At the stern is the saloon, finished in cherry with double sets of berths on either side. Above the table is a large skylight fitted with an improved sliding hinge of sheet brass, which makes leakage of the joints impossible. Forward of the saloon and on the starboard side is the owner's stateroom, finished in cherry and walnut, upholstered in Spanish leather. In the forward part are accommodations for the crew. Beside the small cabin windows another skylight, similar to the one above the saloon, lights up the forward cabin. All modern conveniences are found in the little yacht. The companionway slide is fitted with adjustable bearings, thus avoiding the inconvenience of "swelled grooves," which bothers the average yachtsman so much. The steering gear is a patent screw. The masts will be stepped immediately and Mr. Rice may hope to enjoy a trip in his elegant boat by the middle of this month.

COLBY COMMENCEMENT.

The following programme has been arranged for Commencement week at Colby University, Waterville: Sunday, July 1, Baccalaureate sermon by President Alvah Hovey, D. D., LL. D., of Newton Theological Institution, at 2.30 p. m. at the Baptist church. Annual Baccalaureate sermon before the Young Men's Christian Association by Rev. W. H. P. Faunce of Springfield, Mass., at 7.45 p. m. Monday, July 2, Presentation day exercises of the Junior class at 2.30 p. m. Junior exhibition at 7.45 p. m. at the church. Meeting of the Board of Trustees at Champlin Hall at 7.30 p. m. Tuesday, July 3, Class day exercises at 10.45 a. m. at the church; at 3 p. m. on the Campus. Annual meeting of the Alumni Association at Memorial Hall at 2 p. m. Anniversary oration by President E. G. Robinson, D. D., LL. D., of Brown University, at the church at 7.45 p. m. Wednesday, July 4, Commencement day, President's reception in the evening at Memorial Hall.

THE FISHERY AT WARREN.

The town of Warren is a place where they catch fish in earnest and some of the sportsmen who angle two weeks for one fish should go down there and try to even matters up. A newspaper correspondent writing from there says: Thursday was a lively day at the fish stand, from eight in the morning until about four in the afternoon. The river was full of fish and the fishermen had all they wished to do, and it was interesting to all to watch the way of catching and the manner in which they are carried by sluiceways across the river to the fish-house where ten men were kept busy stacking them up like a pile of chips and sprinkling them with salt, until time would give them a chance to put them into tubs and barrels. At the close of the day 124,000 had been taken, being the most caught by any one day for nearly forty years. Friday a fair amount was taken and the river appears to be alive with them at this writing.

MR. BLAINE IN LONDON.

The London correspondent of the New York Tribune says: Mr. Blaine, in spite of his Paris cold, is looking extremely well and in high spirits his refusal of the Presidency, is in extremely good spirits. His faith in the election of the Republican candidate is firm, provided only that a good candidate be chosen, who will force the fighting on the tariff. The fears and hopes of most Americans abroad point in the same direction. I have met no Free Trader who believes or wishes that the Democrats will put themselves squarely on a Free-Trade platform, and no Protectionist who doubts that the country could be carried with Mr. Blaine as the candidate, or who does not believe that it can now be carried if the contest is between American Protection and British Free Trade.

FIFTH MAINE MEMORIAL HALL.

The frame of the Fifth Maine Regiment memorial building at Peaks Island is already up, and work is progressing well toward an ending. It is probable that the edifice will be completed in time to hold the dedication exercises August 1st. These exercises will be of an exceedingly interesting character. Adjt. Rev. Geo. W. Bickwell will deliver the address, and the poem will be by Mrs. Helen N. Packard of Springfield, Mass. It is hoped and expected that Gen. J. J. Bartlett, who commanded the brigade in which the Fifth Maine belonged, will be present at the dedication. The gathering of veterans on this occasion will doubtless be the largest held by the regiment for years. [Portland Sunday Times.

IN GENERAL.

Simmons, the sculptor, is to model a bust of Hon. Hannibal Hamlin.

The next Universalist State Convention will be held in Bangor or Portland.

There were 105,000 bushels of potatoes shipped from Caribou during the past season.

The annual convention of the State Relief Corps will be held in Rockland, June 27 and 28.

Maine Matters.

NEWS AND GOSSIP FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

MR. MILLIKEN'S BILL.

In the course of the discussion of that portion of the Mills bill, placing manufactured lumber on the free list, Mr. Milliken of Maine called the attention of the democrats to the injustice done the North by placing sawed boards, shingles, clapboards, staves, etc., on the free list, and imposing a duty of 70 per cent. on sugar, 100 per cent. on rice and 25 per cent. on coal. He read a bill which he had introduced placing sugar on the free list and giving a bounty to sugar producers in this country, and added:

Now, Mr. Chairman, in regard to this bill of mine, I want to say in the first place that it would be certain to reduce the revenue and the surplus in the Treasury, while on the other hand the bill now before the House is by no means certain to do that. This Mills bill comes in here with flying colors, as a measure to reduce the revenue; it comes in with the recommendation of the President of the United States, who looks with alarm upon the great surplus that is in the Treasury, and warns Congress of the necessity of reducing it. And yet, sir, it is a matter of great doubt whether, if this Mills bill becomes a law, it will not rather increase than reduce the revenue, whether the greater importation of goods from abroad, which will result from the lowering of the duties, will not increase the revenues to an amount at least equal to the reduction made by putting certain articles on the free-list and the proposed reduction of the tobacco tax.

Mr. Chairman, I wish to say another thing about the bill which I introduced. It attacks no industry in this country. It protects the sugar-grower at the same time that it reduces the duty. It harms no man in the land. It threatens no interest in this country. Again, it would reduce the duty upon one of the prime necessities of life, an article that goes into the consumption of every family in the country. Men use sugar in Texas as well as in Maine, in California as well as in New York; therefore there is nothing sectional about this proposed reduction, and I do not believe there is any way in which you can reduce the revenue of this government and do no harm to any industry in the country, and at the same time carry comfort to so many homes in the United States, as by passing this bill.

THE INSANE HOSPITAL FARM.

The broad acres which constitute the Insane Hospital farm, never wore a more thriving aspect than at the present time, under the intelligent management of Farm Superintendent Horace Cony, who has held the position several years, says the Augusta correspondent of the Portland Press. The grass has an excellent start, the recent heavy showers having given it a push ahead. Some ten acres are sowed to oats, and there are eight more devoted to potatoes, which it is hoped will not be affected by the rot as last year. The usual amount of stock is kept, and at the present time consists of 29 grade cows, 1 bull, a large and handsome four months old Holstein calf, 7 oxen and 5 work horses, all of which are in the best of order, attesting to the judicious care which they receive. The pigpens are empty, though the number of sucking pigs is not so large as usual. There are eighty hogs and shoats, including two litters of little pigs. No department of the farm is of more importance or more remunerative than the cooking stove, which during the season, furnishes a vast amount of healthy and palatable food for the inmates. It is under the charge of Gardiner Allen, who is a very efficient man in this position, and it is said that he has just been increased to

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CHARLES A. PILSBURY.....EDITOR.
RUSSELL G. DYER.....LOCAL EDITOR

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Hon. EDWIN C. BURLEIGH,

OF BANGOR.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

For Electors at Large.

HORACE H. SHAW, of Portland.
SAMUEL N. CAMPBELL, of Cherryfield.

First District—MARK H. WENTWORTH.
Second District—T. R. SIMONTON.
Third District—ALBERT W. CUSHMAN.
Fourth District—LAMBERT SANDS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS:

First District—THOMAS B. REED.
Second District—NELSON DINGLEY, JR.
Third District—SETH L. MILLIKEN.
Fourth District—CHARLES A. BOUTELLE.

What of Chicago?

The Republican National Convention met at Chicago Tuesday and the first day or two are, as usual, devoted to preliminary work, so that we go to press without news of the balloting, while the situation is such that no predictions can be made as to the choice of candidates. It is generally conceded that Senator Sherman will lead on the first ballot, and that many of the States will cast complimentary votes for favorite sons. Gresham, Alger and Depew may be set down as leading candidates, and the friends of Harrison are earnest and hopeful. No doubt there are also a number of dark horses in groaning, to be trotted out if opportunity offers, and this, with one rather important reservation, fairly sums up the many columns of newspaper gossip. To write of the Chicago convention without reference to the statesman who is not only absent from the country but has twice emphatically declined to allow his name to be used, would be to eliminate the name of Hamlet from the Shakespearian drama. We are told that the Pacific coast delegations are solid for Blaine. They will not take no for an answer, and hope their ever-burning watch fires will finally set the convention ablaze. Many other delegates share the feelings of the men from the Pacific coast, and stranger things have happened than that Mr. Blaine, the real leader of his party, the foremost champion of protection for American industries and American working people, should again be the standard bearer despite his withdrawal from the field.

The Stars and Stripes vs. the Red Flag.

Mugwumpery and the teachings of the Cobden Club have so far emasculated the Americanism of the Democracy that they spurn the flag of their country to raise aloft a red bandanna, a counterpart of the red flag of the anarchists, and which with slight change may be transformed into the British ensign. For example, the Washington correspondent of the Boston Herald says of the exhibition by Republican Congressmen of silk handkerchiefs in the colors of the American flag: "The thing did not work well. The demonstration in opposition to the glorious bandanna fell flat." Probably it did, with the free traders and upholders of Secretary Bayard's fishery policy, but the veterans who fought under the starry flag of the Union are not all dead, and the Democratic contingent in Congress does not represent the country. Let them train under their snuff-stained emblem of Socialism and Anglophobia, while the Republican hosts march on to victory under the colors of their country, not to be lowered to enemies abroad or at home. As a correspondent of The Press, of New York, well says: "The American flag has a history, a meaning, and if any class of Americans are thoroughly identified with that flag and its meaning, it is the Republican party. The Republican party never hoisted any flag but the Stars and Stripes; it was never false to the flag of our country; and now, when foreign foes and a political party have combined to reduce our country to the level of a British dependency and to dim the glory of our beautiful banner, the Republican party is determined that not one star in its firmament shall be dimmed nor the luster of a single stripe be suffered to fade.

"Forever float that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe, but falls before us?
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us?"

"Still Another Republican," whose letter will be found elsewhere in this issue, continues the discussion as to candidates for the county offices, and expresses surprise that in the tickets suggested the name of that tried and true Republican and staunch temperance man, Dr. A. J. Billings of Freedom, does not appear. Perhaps we can furnish a satisfactory explanation. It so happens that "Republican" and "Another Republican" are both warm personal friends of Dr. Billings, and as we are unable to confer with them at this writing it is safe to say that they were under the impression he did not desire to be a candidate this year. Such a report has been current. The Journal has taken no part in this discussion but it is by no means indifferent in the matter. It wants to see a ticket made up of the best men in the party, who are fully in line with its policy, and that it believes will ensure success at the polls in September.

The Journal is an illustrated paper this week. First we have an excellent portrait of our excellent candidate for Governor, and we may say that Mr. Burleigh is even better looking than the cut indicates, and, what is best of all, he is as good as he looks—physically a splendid specimen of manhood, and a strong man mentally as well. In addition we give illustrations of recent paintings by two Belfast artists, Messrs. Woodcock and Sanborn.

The conclusion of Hon. S. L. Milliken's tariff speech, and a communication from F. J. Babson, of Gloucester, Mass., on the fisheries treaty will be found on the first page, and both will repay perusal.

A Belfast Irish Blaine Republican says he can improve A on the red bandanna as an emblem of Democracy. He would put the English Union jack in the corner of the bandanna, when it would become the British ensign.

IN BRIEF. The double wedding of Harry Garfield and Miss Belle Mason, of Cleveland, Ohio, and J. Stanley Browne, of Washington, and Miss Mary Garfield took place at Mrs. Garfield's residence at Mentor, Ohio, at 5 o'clock last Thursday afternoon.....Advices from the Congo say that Arabs, who have arrived at Kinshassa, say that Henry M. Stanley was wounded in a fight with natives, and afterwards half his escort deserted. Tippoo Tib had not sent the promised convoy to Stanley. .....Miss Amelie Rives, the authoress, and J. A. Chandler, of New York, were married at Castle Hill, Virginia, June 14, in the presence of the family and four or five intimate friends. .....A general feeling of sorrow pervades Europe over the death last week of the German Emperor. In his last moments he is said to have indicated his desire that there be a reconciliation between the Empress and Bismarck. Emperor William's forthcoming message is said to speak for peace.....Mary N. Prescott, the authoress and poetess, died Thursday night at the home of Richard S. Spofford. She had contributed largely to the prominent magazines, and wrote many children's stories. She was a sister of Harriet Prescott Spofford..... We were misinformed last week as to the release on bail of the postal car murderer. Monday's Whig says: "Sellon was released from jail Saturday afternoon about four o'clock, after the signers had been obtained for his bond of $5,000 in this city. Gen. Chas. Hamlin and Mr. Richard S. Dow were his bondsmen. Sellon left on the evening train for his home in Massachusetts. He is said to have implicated Hayes in the murder.....The fish commission car left Wood's Holl Saturday afternoon with live lobsters for stocking the Pacific coast waters in the region about San Francisco. The shipment consists of over 600 lobsters of both sexes, the larger proportion being females, many of which are now carrying eggs nearly ready to hatch. In addition a load of 200,000 free eggs, arranged in cloth trays, is also included in the shipment, and these will be hatched artificially after their arrival at San Francisco.....Gen. Sheridan's condition is much improved, presenting a marked contrast with that of a week ago.....The post-mortem on Emperor Frederick shows that his disease was cancer of the larynx.....Dr. John B. Walker, one of the leading physicians of Knox county, died Friday afternoon, aged 62 years. He graduated at the Maine Medical School in 1847, and practiced medicine in Washington, Union, and the last twenty years in Thomaston. Last year he was president of the Maine Medical Association, and in former years was a member of both branches of the Legislature.....A cloud burst at Arlington, Oregon, Friday, and did great damage to property and caused the death of several persons and injury to many others. .....Mr. Carnegie and party were in York, Friday. Mr. Blaine is reported to have read the message sent him by the Maine Republican convention with expressions of pleasure..... Capt. William A. Andrew started on his trip across the Atlantic Ocean from Boston at 6.30 P. M. in his 14 foot boat, Dark Secret. He expects to reach England in 35 days.....It is understood that on the recommendation of Geo. E. Damp, both Sellon and Hayes have been dismissed from the postal service.

Death of Hon. Wm. M. Rust.

William Maxwell Rust, editor of the Progressive Age, of this city, died at his home on Cedar street, early Thursday morning, June 14th, aged 69 years and 6 months. Eight years ago Mr. Rust was seriously ill with a urinary difficulty, and in the fall of that year went to Portland for treatment in the Maine General Hospital. He partially recovered then but has not been a well man since, although for the past few years he has enjoyed comparatively good health. Mr. Rust attended the recent Democratic convention at Augusta, where he worked hard, and on returning home felt ill. Monday, June 4th, he was confined to his house with a bilious attack, but Wednesday, the 6th, he came down to his office, remaining all day and doing some editorial work. Thursday, the 7th, he again visited his office, and, as it proved, for the last time. At 10 o'clock he went home and was not again out of the house. The Saturday following he had a chill, after which his physician had but little hopes of his recovery. Dr. S. W. Johnson attended him, with Dr. J. G. Brooks as consulting physician. Inflammation of the liver is said to have been the cause of death, but it was attended by his former difficulties. The patient was not conscious for two days before he died. Mr. Rust was a son of William Rust, and was born in Washington, Me., Dec. 14, 1818. When fifteen years old his father moved to Belmont where he opened a store. The father was sheriff and county commissioner. While living at Belmont young Rust attended school at the Belfast Academy, and at times tended his father's store and worked on the place. He fitted himself for college at Monmouth, but did not enter. During vacations Mr. Rust taught school at Gardiner, and at several places in Waldo county. He read law in the office of George W. Bachelder at Gardiner. In 1845 he was admitted to the bar and opened an office in his native town of Washington. In 1853 Mr. Rust came to Belfast and has since resided here. From 1860 to 1863 he was county attorney of Waldo. July 1, 1854, the Progressive Age, a weekly newspaper, was published in Belfast, as a campaign sheet. It advocated the principles of the then new Republican party, and was edited by an association of gentlemen, with Mr. Thomas J. Burgess, publisher. Its office was at No. 45 Main street. Mr. Rust soon after became sole editor and proprietor and conducted the paper to the date of his death. From April 24 to June 29, 1861, he published a daily called the Progressive Age Evening Bulletin. The Age continued to be a Republican paper up to 1878 when Mr. Rust openly advocated the principles of the Greenback party. For a while the Age was a Greenback organ, but when the Democratic party absorbed the Greenback party in this State, Mr. Rust and the Age went with it. In fact, Mr. Rust was instrumental in perfecting the union. From that time forward he acted with the Democratic party. While a Greenbacker Mr. Rust was much talked of as the Gubernatorial candidate of that party, and in 1878 he was a candidate for the Congressional nomination from this district, but was defeated by Thompson H. Murch, of Rockland, although Mr. Rust was far better fitted for the place and more deserving of it. In 1884 Mr. Rust was among the first to suggest the name of Grover Cleveland as the Democratic nominee for the Presidency, and brought his name out in the Age. He was a delegate at large at the Chicago convention that nominated Mr. Cleveland and a member of the committee on resolutions. On the election of Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Rust became a candidate for the Belfast Custom House, but not receiving the support of the local Democracy he failed to receive the appointment that rightfully belonged to him. Mr. Rust was not popular with his party, either as a Republican or Democrat, but unlike many he had the courage of his convictions and published his personal views whether or not they were in accord with those of his party associates. He was an able editorial writer and conducted his side of public questions with marked ability. As Hon. T. R. Simonton says, in the Camden Herald: "Mr. Rust was an able and fearless writer, with clearly defined views upon religious, educational, moral and political subjects and always had the courage to promulgate his views whether they were favorably received or not. In Mr. Rust we have ever found a warm personal friend and an honorable, fair-dealing political opponent."

In 1867 Mr. Rust was an Alderman of Ward one in the Belfast city government, and the same year was elected a director of the Belfast & Moosehead Lake railroad, the corporation being new. In the recent local contest over the railroad question Mr. Rust and the Age espoused the side of the Tax Reducers, and when that party obtained control of affairs he was again elected a director, which office he held at the time of his death. In 1868 and 1869 Mr. Rust represented Belfast in the House of Representatives, and the county of Waldo in the State Senate in 1882. Gov. Dingley was a warm friend of Mr. Rust and in 1874 appointed him a member of the committee to revise the State constitution. In 1875 Gov. Dingley appointed Mr. Rust Judge of Probate for Waldo county, to fill out the unexpired term of Judge Asa Thurlough, of Monroe, who died that year.

Of a family of eleven, but three survive Mr. Rust: Col. John D. Rust, of Rockport; Albert Rust, and Mrs. Johnson, of California. Mr. Rust married Martha Weeks, a daughter of Dea. Daniel Weeks, of Jefferson, who survives him. They had three children, two of whom are living—one daughter, the wife of Mr. George G. Pierce, of this city, and Mr. Eugene Rust, now superintendent of the stock yards in Kansas City. One son was lost at sea. Mr. Rust was an excellent neighbor, a kind and considerate husband and father, and his family have the sympathy of the entire community in their affliction.

The funeral was delayed until 2 p. m. Tuesday to enable the son, Eugene, to arrive from Kansas City. Mr. Rust came on the Boston boat Tuesday morning. The exercises were conducted by Rev. R. T. Hack, pastor of the Congregational church, whose remarks were most earnest and impressive. Relatives of the deceased and of the widow were present from Rockport, Jefferson and other places and there was a large attendance of citizens, including representatives of the city papers. The remains were in the hallway, where all looked upon the face of one so recently among us, now gone from earth. The floral tributes were very fine At the head of the casket was a floral pillow with the word "Rest" and at the foot a mound and broken column of flowers. The bearers were Calvin Hervey, Capt. R. H. Coombs, Capt. W. B. Conant, Asa A. Howes, Charles Baker and B. C. Dinsmore. Waldo county bar was represented by W. H. Fogler, W. P. Thompson, Geo. E. Johnson, F. W. Brown and others, who followed the remains to Grove cemetery. The entire office force of the Prog. Age, editors and compositors, were present to pay their last tribute of respect to their late employer. The following order was issued by Mayor Burgess, and generally observed:

"The burial of our esteemed fellow-citizen, Wm. M. Rust, editor of the Progressive Age, takes place Tuesday, June 19th. As a public expression of our regard for the deceased, I respectfully request that all places of business may be closed Tuesday afternoon from two to three o'clock."

Northport Camp Ground and Vicinity.

For some time past teams have been hauling granite from the quarry in Northport to be used in rebuilding the main dam of the Belfast Water Works at Little River, and a small crew is at work there. The grounds about the dam and pumping station have been graded and when the work is completed will present a very attractive appearance.

It is understood that W. E. Rice, Esq., of Lawrence, Mass., has bought a lot of Col. W. H. Fogler on the North Shore and will build a cottage there next season. Mr. Rice and his family have spent several seasons here, and will be welcome additions to our regular summer visitors. Mr. Rice returned to Lawrence by Monday's boat.

The steamer Rockland stops at the Camp Ground nearly every trip and ten cottages on the grounds are occupied. Dr. Luce and family, of Belfast, are at "Shadyside."

The families of Col. W. H. Fogler, Dr. Lombard and Charles A. Pilsbury will occupy their respective cottages on the North Shore this week.

Mr. W. C. Crawford does not expect to spend much time this season at the cottage he built last year on the North Shore, and may rent it for a part of the summer. It is a very nice cottage and a fine location.

The North Shore gardens are growing finely, and we expect soon to have a report from Dr. Lombard in his "lightning peas" and "creeping cucumbers."

Cunner fishing from the Camp Ground wharf has been good, and last week the little daughter of Dr. P. E. Luce hooked one sixteen inches in length.

Painters have been at work this week on Col. Fogler's cottage, which is to be resplendent in olive green, red and yellow.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Brackett, of Belfast, are as yet undecided as to whether they will occupy Clear View, South Shore, this season or not, but we hope to welcome the editor of the Sea Breeze to his summer sanctum.

The Camp Ground wharf is to be repaired and got ready for the Boston boats to make landings there.

Northport had a smart shower Saturday morning, which skipped Belfast, but later in the day both places shared in a down pour.

Two of the Mansfield cottages on the South Shore are rented for the season, and the third will be reserved for the owner's use and transient custom.

Newspaper Notes.

Mr. E. G. Crabtree has decided to discontinue the publication of the Eastern Gazette at Yarmouth.

Mr. F. E. Manson, who has just resigned his position as night editor of the Kennebec Journal, will be succeeded by Mr. J. V. Lane, the able city editor of that paper. Mr. Manson's Williamson, of Belfast, of the senior class at Bowdoin, and better known in this city as the weighty right fielder of the Bowdoins, will become city editor of the paper. Mr. Williamson is a bright young man and will be warmly welcomed to the journalistic field in Maine. [Bangor Commercial.

Professor Coutellier, who is at the Brooks House for the summer, advertises for classes in French. He teaches the Berlitz method, and is recommended as a very competent and successful instructor.

The Chicago Convention.

A GREAT BLAINE DEMONSTRATION MONDAY NIGHT.

The National Republican Convention met in Chicago Tuesday, June 19th, John M. Thurston, temporary chairman. After a ringing speech from chairman Thurston the temporary organization was completed. After calling the roll for committees Gen. John C. Fremont and Fred Douglas were presented to the convention and each spoke briefly. They were enthusiastically received.

The Maine delegates elected the following officers and committees: Chairman, Hon. C. A. Boutelle; Secretary, B. B. Thatcher; committees—Credentials, Fred A. Power; Organization, George A. Wilson; Rules, J. H. Manley; Resolutions, Charles H. Prescott. J. M. Haynes was re-elected member of the National Committee.

THE OUTLOOK FOR THE FIRST BALLOT.

An intelligent estimate of the first ballot shows 11 candidates with votes about as follows:

Sherman 250; Gresham 100; Depew 100; Alger 80; Harrison 120; Allison 50; Phelps 18; Rusk 22; Ingalls 14; Fitler 15; Stanford 16.

This leaves 35 votes to account for. Missouri and Arkansas are still doubtful quantities.

It is believed that there will be no material change from this estimate for a ballot or two and it is thought the Convention will then adjourn over night. During the night some combinations may be made with a view to controlling the nomination next day.

THE BLAINE DEMONSTRATION.

Monday night every street in Chicago was filled with long processions of bands and organizations of every sort and citizens on foot and in carriages bearing banners of all descriptions, and upon all of them plainly legible somewhere was the portrait or name of James G. Blaine. There was an Irish-American club from Chicago, a flambeau club from Kansas, a large number wearing the white plume and the Blaine badge from Nebraska, a whole delegation from California, and parts of delegations from many other States, marching for hours together, keeping step to the loyal music of the Union and shouting as only earnest men do shout for James G. Blaine of Maine. This demonstration was without organization. It unquestionably was spontaneous. It represents the enthusiasm of large masses of the people, who cling to Blaine with greater tenacity even than the followers of Henry Clay did to their fallen idol.

A TELEGRAM FROM A MAINE DELEGATE.

CHICAGO, June 19, 1888.

To R. W. Rogers, Esq. Belfast:

Wild for Blaine to-night. He will be nominated sure. I. C. LIBBY.

Prohibitory County Conference.

Agreeable to a call there was a conference of the Waldo county Prohibitory party at the Court House in Belfast, on Saturday. The call announced that it was for the purpose of appointing county and town committees and to arrange for a county convention. There were present: Prof. F. W. Gowen, of Freedom, T. C. Smart, of Swanville, Capt. Tolford Durham, of Monroe, A. H. Clement, of Searsmont, B. C. Wentworth, Capt. A. E. Clark and Eli Cook, of Belfast, V. B. Cushing, candidate for Governor. The conference was called to order at 3.30 P. M. by T. C. Smart, chairman of the county committee. The following county committee for 1888 was elected: Capt. A. E. Clark, Belfast, chairman; Rev. B. C. Wentworth, Belfast, secretary; Capt. Tolford Durham, Monroe; David Twitchell, Montville; T. C. Smart, Swanville; G. A. Gowen, Freedom; A. H. Clement, Searsmont. The following city committee for Belfast, was appointed: Edwin Frost, Geo. A. Beckett and H. W. Pitcher. Town committees will be appointed later. It was decided to hold the county convention early in August.

Saturday evening a meeting was held in Pierce's Parlor Theatre. The hall was about two-third full, and a majority of those present were women. The meeting was called to order by Prof. Gowen, who stated the object of the meeting. He said the prohibitory question was the greatest question now before the people, and introduced as the first speaker of the evening the silver-tongued orator of the Quantabacook—Prof. Bateman. The professor began by saying that they met at an inauspicious time, when the shadow of death hung over the city. He referred to the death of Mr. Rust and paid a glowing tribute to the memory of that gentleman. The professor than wandered through Europe, and after reference to the histories of Greece and Rome got down to the Republican party, whose mission, he said, dated with the abolition of slavery, and the settlement of the questions growing out of the war of the rebellion. He pictured the downfall of the Whig party and the causes of its death, criticised Mr. Blaine for not voting on the prohibitory amendment four years ago, and completely annihilated the Republican party.

Mr. Cushing, the candidate for Governor, was then introduced. Mr. Cushing is an interesting speaker, and compels your attention whether you agree with him or not. He said parties have a career of about twenty-five years, when they give way to others. The party of the future he thought would be the prohibitory. He characterized the tariff question as a humbug and held up both the old parties to ridicule. Unlike the majority of prohibitory speakers Mr. Cushing has no choice between the Democratic and Republican parties. He deplored the influence of the saloon in politics and asked his hearers to affiliate with the prohibitory party, declaring that their votes were not thrown away, as it is a national party.

The Creamery Matter.

Messrs. Shepherd, Edgecomb, Ellis, Murphy, Lewis Pitcher and Horace Pitcher, of Belfast, and Levensaler, of Waldo, the creamery committee, held a meeting at the Court House, Belfast, last Saturday afternoon. Rather discouraging reports were made, but several of the committee were not ready to abandon the enterprise. It was reported that some farmers who had heretofore favored a creamery had changed their minds, the expenses of fitting up and the buying of additional stock appearing to be the obstacles in the way. Others reported that farmers in their vicinity were in favor of a creamery and would fit up for it. It was thought there would be no trouble in getting stock for the building if farmers would pledge themselves to fit up and put in their cows. Some favored forming a small creamery among themselves, if the present scheme failed, believing that others would subsequently fall in. The meeting adjourned subject to call.

The Monroe creamery was reported to be flourishing and enlarging its business. It was also stated that Mr. Fred Miller, of Massachusetts, who owns a farm in Swanville, has said he would erect and maintain a creamery in that town and guarantee twenty cents per pound, net, for butter, and all he asks the farmers to do is to pledge him a certain number of cows.

The question of creameries is being agitated and they will come sooner or later.

Wills Filed.

The following is an abstract of the wills filed at the June term of the Probate Court held in Belfast last week:

Otis Harriman, late of Stockton, gives to his wife Henrietta P. Harriman, in addition to some stock, &c., one half of his homestead farm and building held in common with Edward G. Clifford. The bequest is for her natural life, after which the property goes to Edward G. Clifford. To his daughter Nancy S. Ginn, he gives one half of a lot in Stockton, known as the Scrabble lot. To his son Granville L. Harriman he gives a lot in Stockton known as the French lot. To his son Frank S. Harriman he gives $25. To his granddaughter Ella H. Ginn he gives his surveying instruments. All the remainder of the estate he divides equally between his son and daughter Granville L. Harriman and Nancy S. Ginn. The former is executor.

David Nickels, late of Searsport, first provides that his just debts be paid. He then gives all his property to his wife Lucy A. Nickels, who is also named executrix of the will. At the death of his wife all the remaining property goes to Henrietta K. Nickels.

John L. Cook late of Belfast, after the payment of his just debts, makes a small bequest to each of his brothers and sisters—Andrew J., David L., and Eugene L. Cook, Roxanna McMahan and Mary D. Godfrey. The remainder of his property is given to the wife, Eliza A. Cook, who is appointed executrix.

David Foster, late of Palermo, gives to his brother Eben Foster and his sister Rosetta Foster a small bequest, and the remainder of his property he gives to his mother, Rachel M. Bradstreet, who is also executrix.

Dorcas C. Leathers, late of Brooks, after the payment of just debts, gives to her husband Benjamin Leathers, and son Enoch Leathers, in equal shares, all her property. Benjamin Leathers is appointed executor.

Good Templars.

Waldo District Lodge will hold its next quarterly session with Invictus Lodge at Searsmont, about the middle of August.

The Grand Secretary expects to receive the Journals of annual session of G. L. from the printer in time to distribute them next week.

The last number of the Temperance Record contained a fine portrait of Major H. A. Shorey of the Bridgton News, a Past G. C. Templar of the order. The series of portraits of leading officers will be continued in the Record during the year.

Belfast Lodge is debating whether to celebrate the 4th at Swan Lake with Valley Lodge of Monroe and others, or go to Northport with the Bangor and Penobscot river lodges, to both of which they have been invited. They will decide next Monday night.

The Good Templars continued the celebration of their 30th anniversary, June 13, at Peaks Island Portland harbor. There was a large attendance. Dinner was served and addresses by prominent members of the Order followed, including J. H. Hamilton, M. J. Dow, F. Batchelder, Mrs. E. E. Cain, Mrs. E. E. Knight, Mrs. H. M. C. Estes, E. A. Sawyer, Mrs. E. H. Mason, B. C. Torsey, and others. A poem was read by Mrs. J. R. Polland.

Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb's Excursions to the Yellowstone National Park.

Three excursions to the Wonderland of America—the Yellowstone National Park—are announced by Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb for the summer and early autumn, the dates of departure from Boston being July 23, August 20, and September 10. These tours are planned for the purpose of making a very thorough sight-seeing round of that remarkable region, and ample time is afforded, so as to make the journey in easy stages, with restful halts by the way. This insures not only unusual advantages in the way of sight-seeing, but time enough to do all—both sight-seeing and traveling—in a leisurely manner. The parties will be limited in numbers, and will be under the guidance of experienced conductors, so that ladies need have no hesitation in making the trip without escorts. There are no more delightful excursions to the National Park tours, and every means will thataken to make these trips the best of all. Circulars descriptive of the Park and also of the Mexican tours through Colorado and of the "seventeen July trips" may be obtained of W. Raymond, 296 Washington street, opposite School street, Boston.

UNION. Colonel D. A. Friend, National Aid de-Camp, assembled the delegates from neighboring camps, mustered J. W. Barrows Camp, Sons of Veterans last Friday evening, with the following officers: Captain, J. W. Sleeper; First Lieutenant, F. E. Burns; Second Lieutenant, J. L. Leafest; First Sergeant, C. S. Stinson; Quartermaster Sergeant, Calvin Burrows.

News of Belfast and Vicinity.

Mr. Volney B. Cushing delivered a temperance lecture at the Methodist Church, in this city, last Sunday afternoon. It was well attended.

A locomotive came in at midnight last week and the ringing of the bell was mistaken by many for a fire alarm. A drug clerk would not be convinced and got up and came down town. On discovering his error Charles went home disgusted.

Friday the basement plans for the new Odd Fellows building were received. Stone masons have been asked to bid on the foundation, and their estimates will be opened at 4 P. M., June 23d. The remaining plans will be perfected while the basement is being built.

Last week Mathews Bros., of this city, received a car load of white wood lumber from Tennessee. When the car was opened a hen was found inside nearly dead. After some care biddy came to and is now all right. The car was between two and three weeks in transit.

St. John's Commandery Knights Templar, of Bangor, will make a pilgrimage to Lewiston and the White Mountains June 22d to be absent four days, and has extended an invitation to Palestine Commandery of Belfast to join them. The expense of the trip will be $20 for each person.

There will be a poverty dance at Coombs' skating rink, on this (Thursday) evening as a benefit to Prof. Rankin. All those who participate in the dance must be in appropriate costumes. The tickets of admission are 24 cents, and dance tickets 49 cents. The idea is a novel one and no doubt will draw a large crowd.

The South Belfast Dramatic club presented the drama "The Turn of the Tide," at Centre Lincolnville, last Friday evening. In one of the acts a lightning and thunder scene is enacted. At the proper time the storm of that evening produced the genuine article and the effect was very dramatic.

Monday morning opened unpromisingly for the work of getting out a newspaper. First we were serenaded by a wide-mouthed and windy orator, and he was followed by a travelling musician with an instrument of torture, with crank attachment, accompanied by a drum, a fish horn and the howling of dogs.

ROBBERY ON A BELFAST VESSEL. A Biddeford, Me., despatch of the 13th days:

Victor Paul, of this city, was arrested last night for robbing the crew of the schooner Paragon, of Belfast, now in the harbor with a cargo of coal. It is claimed that Paul bought three pints of whiskey for the captain and after the crew were under the influence of liquor, went aboard and robbed them of what money they had in their pockets. He is at the police station awaiting trial.

City Marshall McDonald last week received a letter from Hanover Court House, Va., stating that Mr. W. V. Gilman, of Belfast, was in jail at that place. When arrested he was crazy and threatened to burn buildings and obstruct the railroad, but latterly has been more calm. Gilman went south in a Rockland vessel. The officials said we could have the man if we wanted him.

A HANDSOME MONUMENT. While in Belfast last week Mr. James K. Greer, of Taunton, Mass., contracted with Mr. W. T. Howard for a marble monument to be erected in memory of Elizabeth Weymouth, at Morrill. The monument will be made of statuary marble, eight feet high, and of handsome design. There will be three bases, die, cap and urn. Mr. Howard turns out only first class work, a sufficient guarantee that this monument will be a fine one.

Bids were opened last week for supplying the steam heating apparatus for the school houses on the common. There were three bidders: George T. Read, of Belfast, $878; the Worcester Steam Heating company, Mass., $918; J. H. Gogan & Co., Augusta, $550. The contract has been awarded to Mr. Read. While his figures are a few dollars more than Cogan & Co.'s, he agrees to do more work, which will more than offset the difference in price. The work will be done during vacation.

Something much needed here, and that should be supplied by the city or private enterprise, is a boat landing where people can land from boats at any stage of tide. There is a good deal of custom comes to Belfast by small sailing craft and row boats, and at present there is no place where people can land from such craft at or near low water. A floating stage, with steps leading to a wharf, would not cost very much and no doubt the necessary amount could be easily raised by subscription. Now is the time to move in the matter.

An old man named Reuben McKay, of Knox, was in town Friday and got howling drunk. Policeman Frisbee attempted to send him home, but the man would not go. He became wild and the officer, assisted by the city marshal, carried him to jail. McKay fought like a tiger and gave the officer much trouble. McKay was bailed out that evening by the commissioner and Saturday had his trial, and was fined $10 without costs, from which he appealed. Some persons found fault with the officers because force was used in making the arrest, but they handled the man as easily as possible and used no more force than was necessary.

HE ADVERTISED THE OTHER FELLOW. Two vessels with fish arrived at this port last Friday evening. One was at the wharf of Swan & Sibley and the other at Mr. W. C. Marshall's wharf. The man at the former place flooded the town with placards announcing his fish and price, but through being misinformed said his vessel was at Marshall's wharf. Saturday morning he got ready for business, but no customers came. He noticed, however, that a large crowd of people were coming from the wharf above and every man had a fish. He investigated and found he had been advertising the other fellow. He said over a few cuss words and resolved in future to find out his location before advertising.

BROKE JAIL. City Marshall McDonald received a telegram from Augusta Friday stating that Ross G. Stover, confined in the jail at that place, had broken out and that a reward of $50 would be paid for his recovery. Stover made his escape Thursday night by sawing off two of the iron bars of his cell and another bar from the outside window of the water closet. The bars are an inch and a half in diameter and he must have possessed a very finely tempered saw, which it is thought was smuggled in to him by his wife. Stover was recently bound over for stealing a horse belonging to Mr. B. M. Fisher, of Augusta, and is the same fellow recently arrested in Belfast for stealing rigging at Rockport, and who escaped from the officers at that place. The Augusta officials were warned that he was a slippery fellow.

"W. G. F.," of Unity, wrote to Forest and Stream, a New York sporting paper, for an explanation as to the absence of salmon in Unity pond, or Winnecook Lake, as it is sometimes called. W. G. F. says:

"Nine years ago Winnecook Lake, in Unity, was stocked by Commissioner Stilwell with black bass and land locked salmon, ten thousand fry of each. For the past three years bass have been taken in abundance, but no salmon have been seen. The lake is admirably adapted to salmon, having numerous springs, and is fed by two large streams with rocky bottoms. The former fish were picked and white perch, with occasionally a large trout. Since the bass came to maturity the perch and pickerel have decreased very rapidly. The lake covers an area of about twenty square miles, but, tom rocky and beaches sandy. Do you think it possible the salmon still exist without being seen?"

Forest and Stream says: "At this distance it is impossible to speak positively on this subject. If the salmon are still there they should show up in the spawning season. Look for them near the outlet of the lake in the fall."

STEAMER NOTES. The Katahdin arrived here from Boston last Thursday morning and the three boats are now running, making daily trips. The Katahdin is in fine shape, and is officered as follows: Captain, Mark Pierce, Purser, F. A. Guernsey, Steward, S. G. Downes, Freight Clerk, Harry Nevens, Baggage Master, James Nason, Mates, Thomas Coppin, Geo. Williams, Engineers, Thos. Bennett and Frank Davis ...N. C. Partridge, who has been steward of the steam tug Howell, has been transferred to the Bismarck, Ross & Howell's new steamer. Charles Hilliman succeeds Mr. Partridge on the Howell....The Steamer Electa went to Bangor last week to have new tubes put into her boiler, and the Arcadia has taken her place on the Belfast and Castine route. The Electa is expected to resume her route this week....The new Ross & Howell's tug Bismarck arrived at Bangor from the Delaware Sunday....The fine iron steamship Olivette, of the Plant Company, New York, will be put on the Boston and Bar Harbor route this week, and will probably make three trips per week between Bar Harbor and Boston during the season.

THE MILK MAIDS' DRILL. The Universalist society of this city gave an excellent entertainment at Coomb's skating rink last Thursday evening. The exercises consisted of music, singing, and a drill by fifty-six young ladies, who for some time had been under the instruction of Prof. Rankin, of Boston. The young people acquitted themselves finely, reflecting much credit on their instructor. The rink was well filled. A portion of Sanborn's orchestra furnished music, assisted by Misses Johnson and Faunce, pianists. The grand march was headed by Miss Edith Ryder, as captain of the squad. The young ladies were very prettily and appropriately dressed, and each one carried a three legged milking stool. During the march the squad sang, Miss Charlotte T. Colburn leading. The fifty-six milk maids ranged from young ladies of twenty or more down to misses of six or eight. The evolutions were perfect and some of them were very fine, such as forming crosses, etc. After the march the captain put the company through the manual of arms, or rather stools. The last order was "parade rest," when the stools were placed on the floor and all were seated. While the squad was resting Mrs. Ralph H. Howes and Prof. Rankin sang, and responded to an encore. A recess followed, when ice cream and cake were served. When order was again restored a select squad of sixteen of the larger young ladies gave an excellent drill practice, which was handsomely applauded. The entertainment closed with a drill by the entire company. While all did well, much praise is due to the captain, Miss Ryder, who handled her company like a veteran. Before the audience dispersed Mr. J. W. Knowlton sold many of the stools at auction. Some of them were very handsomely hand-painted, and brought from 50 cents to $1.35 each.

Mr. Mariner, janitor at the public library, has graded the ground in front of the building and is making the lot attractive.

Dr. G. P. Lombard has given his dental rooms a thorough overhauling, and paint and varnish have made them as good as new.

Next Monday evening the Royal Arch degree will be conferred in Corinthian Chapter. All members are invited to be present.

Three car loads of cans numbering about 60,000 have been received by the Winterport Packing Company and the buildings and machinery have been repaired preparatory to the season's work.

Mr. Herbert E. Bradman, who has conducted a grocery store on the east side, has bought out Mr. E. H. Haney, in the Journal building, and has taken charge. Mr. Haney owns a store at East Knox, and will conduct his business there.

THE YACHTS. Mr. C. O. Macomber has devised a very handy pinnacle for his yacht the Cyclone. .....The Edna's new suit of sails were bent last week....The Willie Bray, raised from the deep, repaired, and with hull painted black, is cruising about the bay looking quite unlike her former self.

I. C. Libby & Sons have retailed up to date this season over 300 Cincinnati top carriages through their agents situated in every county in Maine. They telegraphed last week to the Emerson & Fisher Co., who manufacture these goods, to forward 200 more at once to fill the rushing demand.

Saturday afternoon policeman Frisbee found an old horse hitched beside the road over Primrose Hill, in this city. The animal was very old and poor. The owner was not known at the time but was subsequently found to be a man named Walker. The horse was ordered killed by the city marshal.

The Bridgeport, Ct. Evening Farmer of June 13th, makes the following announcement in its society column: "The engagement is public of Mr. Russell Tomlinson, the genial and popular manager of Hawes' Opera House, and Miss Lillie M. Walter, daughter of Mrs. E. C. Bassick, a young lady who is a favorite in Bridgeport society."

Northport avenue was never in such bad condition at this season of the year as now, although last week a beginning was made at removing the loose stones. The road machine was used before the frost was fairly out, and now the road is full of ruts, holes and hollows. This is the principal pleasure drive out of the city, has more travel than any other avenue, and ought to be kept in first class condition.

INSOLVENCY COURT. At the June term of the Court of Insolvency in this city last week, the petition of A. W. Staples, of Belfast, for discharge was denied. E. L. Bean, of Searsmont, was discharged under the composition act. A warrant of insolvency was issued against J. M. Lafolly, of Stockton, and the first meeting of creditors appointed for next meeting. A second meeting of the creditors of Henry S. Moulton, of Stockton, was called for next meeting.

There was a quiet wedding at No. 41 East Springfield street, Boston, last Thursday, the contracting parties being Belfast people—Miss Veretta I. Brier and F. C. Gay. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Kimball, D. D. Dr. O. W. Cushing and Miss Carrie Brier, the latter a sister of the bride, were groomsman and bridesmaid. Mr. Gay is studying medicine and will adopt that profession. The couple will reside in Boston after a wedding tour through Massachusetts.

Mr. Hiram P. Farrow, of Belmont, returned home from Aroostook on Monday. While at the town of Weston he had a lively competitive trial of road machines. Mr. Farrow is agent for the Climax, while another man was present with the Champion. The town was to buy a machine and the agents worked their machines on opposite sides of the same road. Eight men were elected as judges and on the completion of the trial seven reported in favor of the Climax.

SCHOOL EXERCISES. The city schools close this week. The examinations of the Primaries were on Monday, Intermediate on Tuesday, Lower Grammer on Wednesday, Upper Grammer and High to-day. The graduating exercises of the High school will be

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF BELFAST.

ARRIVED.

June 13, sch. Fannie A Edith, Ryder, Boston.
June 14, schs. Helen, White, ——; Wm. Freder-ick, Burgess, Boston.
June 17, schs. Geo. B. Ferguson, Ferguson, Bangor.
June 18, sch. James Holmes, Ryan, Boston; Antelope, Banks, do.

SAILED.

June 18, sch. Geo. B. Ferguson, Ferguson, Rockland.
June 19, sch. Jacinta, Hart, Boston; Antelope, Banks, Rockland; sch. Prescott Hazeltine, Kneeland, Weymouth.

AMERICAN PORTS.

Boston, June 12. Arrived schs. Stella M. Kenyon, Williams, Port Johnson; Ann Parker, Morse, Belfast; sailed barks Fred E. Richards, Thorndike, Rocios Ayres; 14th, arrived schs. Herald, Heagan, Matanzas; M. B. Milien, Dyer, Philadelphia; Coral I., Colwell, Cohoogil, Rockland; Lizzie Poor, Dickey, Bangor, 13th, cleared schs. Mary L. Fetters, Williams, Windsor, N. S.; Cyrus Hall, Coombs, do; 15th, arrived sch. Brunette, Waterhouse, Sagua; 16th, arrived barks Hattie G. McFarland, Dodge, Philadelphia.
Newport, R. I., June 13. Arrived sch. Cora E. Smith, Carver, Boston, with oil bbls., fresh-mark-ed; very small, will be shipped to New York.
New York, June 13. Arrived brig Sparkling Water, Hardwick, Fortune Island, via Delaware Breakwater, sch. Lois V. Chaples, Ross, Suffolk, Virginia Bridgeport, Ct., 13th, arrived sch. F. G. Fresen, French, Key Largo; Mary A. Hall, Venezia, Mobile; 14th, 15th, arrived sch. Mark Pen-dleton, Pendleton, Bangor.
Philadelphia, June 14. Arrived sch. Mattie B. Wood, Lord, Lafraice, Kennebec; cleared barks Hattie G. McFarland, Dodge, Portland; 12th, cleared barks Cora E. McGilvery, Griffin, Boston; 14th, ar. schs. Ella Nellie, Drinkwater, Bangor; cleared bark Havana, Erickson, Havana; 15th, arrived schs. Charlotte, Bartlett, Jacksonville; 16th, arrived schs. Mattie B. Russell, Larrabee, Bath; cleared barks John H. Pearson, Sparks, Boston; sch. Annie E. Lewis, Lewis, Providence; ar. 17th, sch. Yale, Simpson, Portsmouth, N. H.
Delaware Breakwater, brig H. B. Hicks, Hodgdon, Baltimore; sch. John C. Smith, Foss, Bangor.
Savannah, June 16. Arrived sch. Wekaka, Carroll, Philadelphia.
Brunswick, June 11. Sailed sch. Abbie C. Stubbs, Hall, New Haven.
Fernandina, June 13. Cleared sch. Charlotte Buck, Hallock, New York; 14th, cleared schs. Hattie H. Hodgon, Fletcher, Charleston; Charles Heath, Pendleton, New York; 15th, arrived sch. Lacka-wanna, Beal, Boston; 16th, cleared schs. A. W. Fuller, New York; Geo. B. Ferguson, Ferguson, Lubec.
Fernandina, June 13. Cleared sch. Gertrude L. Trasser, Davis, Boston.
Fall River, June 15. Sailed sch. King Philip, Weed, Philadelphia.
Wood's Holl, Mass., June 15. Arrived brig Stockton, Allen, Swan Island.
Charleston, June 16. Cleared sch. Melissa A. Willard, Hartshorne, Philadelphia; cleared sch. H. J. Gerrish, Haskell, Philadelphia.
Wilmington, N. C., June 15. Cleared sch. Lizzie Lee, Richardson, Port Royal; Princeville, arrived sch. M. C. Moseley, Ferry, Boston; 16th, cleared sch. Roger Moore, Gilkey, Porto Rico.
Savannah, June 16. Arrived sch. D. D. Haskell, Haskell, New York; and sailed 14th for Mobile.
Mobile, June 12. Arrived sch. Sarah D. J. Rawson, Fessenden, New York.
Pensacola, June 11. Sailed bark Carrie E. Long, Park, Portland.
Port Townsend, June 3. Arrived ship Abner Coburn, Lewis, Queenstown, for orders; 7th, arrived ship Frederick Billings, Sherman, San Francisco.
Buckspoke, S. C., June 12. Sailed sch. Hattie Moe, Rank, Pelham, Thomaston, Me.
Pensacola, June 15. Arrived sch. Lizzie B. Willey, Willey, New York.
Indianola, June 11. Arrived sch. Milford, Hascall, Boston, for St. Augustine, and sailed.
San Francisco, June 12. Cleared ships A. J. Fuller, Fuller, Liverpool; Nevada, Marks, Nichols, Pisagua.
San Pedro, June 7. Arrived ship Richard P. Rice, Savage, Liverpool.
Port Gamble, June 11. Sailed from Fort George, ship Palatka, Ferguson, Fernandina and Boston.
Baltimore, June 17. Arrived sch. Warren Adams, Lombard, Calais.
Cape Lookout, June 13. Arrived sch. Nettie Langdon, Bagley, Fisher's Island for Jacksonville.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Havana, June 12. Arrived ship Frank Pendleton, Nelson, Boston via Montreal via Magdalena River.
Turks Island, June 11. Sailed ship Nancy Pendleton, Pendleton, Boston.
Pernambuco, June 2. Sailed bark Magnoliacook, Wallace, Buenos Ayres.
Cienfuegos, June 12. Arrived sch. Jennie L. Rice, Rice, New York.
Matanzas, June 12. Sailed bark Edw. Coddington, Coddington, New York.
Cardenas, June 12. Arrived barks Jas. G. Pen-dleton, Pendleton, Valparaiso; 12th, Edward Kid-der, Kidder, Boston.
Cienfuegos, June 11. Sailed bark John E. Chase, Chase, Philadelphia.
Havana, June 14. Arrived bark Edward L. Sayers, Knight, Valparaiso.
Sagua, June 14. Sailed ship Servia, Gilmore, Philadelphia.

MARITIME MISCELLANY.

Left U. S. Bound at San Francisco from Honolulu, inside the run in 12; ships Basque St. Lucie, Jacobs, way 7 days.
Ship Ocean Queen, Henrietta, Gilmore, from New York for Sunghai, April 22, lat 20 8, lon 31 W.
Bark John M. Clark, Pendleton, from Philadelphia for Rosario, May 8, lat 9 8, lon 27 W.
The ship Ocean Queen is reported offered in England for insurance on the Farragut. Ship Farragut, Hardwick, left Calcutta Jan 20 for New York, with 1600 tons cut.
LIVERPOOL, The Freight Circular of Snow & Garrett, New York, reports for the week ending June 7: Cotton shipments from the South to the River Plate continue making quite free, and further inquiry for tonnage is noticed; Chilian engagements are strong. There is also a fair amount of cotton to Genoa and Leghorn, but the movement is held in check somewhat by the high tonnage offerings. In the grain and provisions trade features of interest are a demand for vessels to load lumber at the south; sugar freights are quiet. In the wind-vessel trade a few vessels could be employed, but suitable tonnage is scarce; good rates are offered. For Cuba the lumber tonnage there is a moderate demand at steady rates. Coffees are attracting moderate attention and steady rates are ruling. Recent Charters: sch Annie E Lewis, from Philadelphia to Providence, Pipe, $; Brig Don Jacinto, from St. Croix to north of Hatteras, Sugar 12c. cents.

TOOTHACHE

IS "THE HELL O' ALL DISEASES." *Burns.*

Then why not have your Aching Teeth pulled or filled, instead of going around with enlarged cheek and haggard look, a perfect epitome of misery. Perhaps you do not know that

C. W. JENNYS, Dentist,

Who has recently located in Belfast, will do just the work you need done in a First Class manner at very Reasonable Prices. Just read the proof. Teeth Filled with Gold, Platinum or Silver Alloy Plate for only $12.00 a single set, or a full set for only $20.50. Teeth reset for $5.00 a plate. ALL WORK WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS!

Time are hard, therefore I make my prices to suit. Come give me a trial and I will guarantee satisfaction.

Office Over Post Office, High Street, Belfast, Me.
6m22

CHANGE OF TIME!

Maine Central R. R.

TIME-TABLE.

On and after Monday, June 25th, trains connect at Burnham with through trains for Bangor, Waterville, Portland & Boston will run as follows:

LEAVE BELFAST.	a.m.	p.m.	LEAVE BURNHAM.	a.m.	p.m.
Belfast	7 20	2 35	Burnham	9 00	5 10
City Point	7 29	2 42	Leonard's	9 12	5 21
Waldo	7 34	2 57	Unity	9 30	5 33
Brooks	7 47	3 15	Thorndike	9 45	5 43
Knox	7 56	3 43	Knox	9 53	5 53
Thorndike	8 12	3 55	Brooks	10 18	6 18
Unity	8 22	4 20	Waldo	10 30	6 21
Leonard's	8 34	4 30	City Point	10 45	6 34
Burnham, arr	8 45	4 50	Belfast, arr	10 55	6 40

The morning train up and the night train down are straight passenger trains.

Ticket offices at Burnham are now sold at 5/0 from Belfast and all stations on Branch.

Through tickets to all points Westand Northwest via all routes for sale by F. E. Crowley, Agent, Belfast.

F. E. BOOTHBY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agt. PAYSON TUCKER, Gen'l Manager.

Belfast, June 20th, 1888.—4tj

City of Belfast.

Proposals for Sewer!

The Joint Committee on Highways and Bridges will receive at the City Clerk's office **until Saturday the 29th day of June inst., at 7 o'clock, P. M.** sealed proposals for building a sewer from the southerly side of Common street near the North corner of H. O. Dodge's land in as direct a line as practicable against the N. W. corner of the Freight house of the B. & M. L. R. R., to low water mark at the N. W. side of Lewis wharf (so-called).

The sewer to be laid should be not less than (2) two feet high in the clear. The side walls to be (18) eighteen inches thick at the bottom and not less than (12) one foot at the top, to be well laid with straight flat rock of good sizes and cemented on the inside with best hydraulic cement after the City shall have put in the bottom or paving. The cover rock to be of sound flat stone well joined together and to lay in all places at least (12) twelve inches on each side wall.

The bottom of the sewer to be (4) four feet below the surface of the ground as it now is at the end on Common street. And from thence to be graded with a true incline to mean low water mark. All parts of the work to be done to the acceptance of the Committee, and to be completed on or before the last day of August next.

The proposals will state the price per rod in length, including excavating and filling in. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all proposals if they consider it for the interest of the City so to do. Per Order of Committee,

H. H. CARTER, Chairman.

June 19, 1888.—2w25

AUCTION!

W. K. MORISON

will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at his residence **corner Court and Pearl Sts., on Saturday, June 23, at 10 o'clock, A. M., standard time,** the following articles that may not be otherwise disposed of previously:

One Parlor Set, Sofa, Two Easy Chairs and Centre Table, Parlor Lamp, Carpet, Open Stove and other Household Goods, Horse, nine to ten years old, weight 1100 lbs., good worker and driver, Truck Wagon, Phaeton, Grocery Wagon, three Sleighs, Single and Work Harness, &c.

19 Shares in Belfast Coliseum Co.
2 " " Merchants Marine Railway.
1 " " Belfast & M. L. R. R.
1 " " Belfast Manuf'g Co., (Shoe Factory.)
1-64 Schr. William Frederick.
1-32 " Lillian.

Terms, Cash. C. C. CRARY, Auctioneer.

Cottage to Rent!

THE WALKER COTTAGE at Northport Camp Ground, one of the largest and best on the grounds, finely situated, furnished and fitted, beds complete, excepting sheets and pillow slips, ten rooms, kitchen and dining room in cool basement, water and wood. Will rent the premises for the season to parties that will use them as well as we would ourselves. For terms, etc., inquire of

L. T. LOVEJOY, Propr. Revere House, Belfast.
E. P. WALKER.

FOR A GOOD TEAM
—GO TO THE—
Revere House Livery Stable!

DYSPEPSIA

Causes its victims to be miserable, hopeless, confused, and depressed in mind, very irritable, languid, and drowsy. It is a disease which does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy to throw off the causes and tone up the digestive organs till they perform their duties willingly. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proven just the required remedy in hundreds of cases.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for dyspepsia, from which I have suffered two years. I tried many other medicines, but none proved so satisfactory as Hood's Sarsaparilla." THOMAS COOK, Brush Electric Light Co., New York City.

Sick Headache

"For the past two years I have been afflicted with severe headaches and dyspepsia. I was induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and have found great relief. I cheerfully recommend it to all." MRS. L. T. ANNABLE, New Haven, Conn.

Mrs. Mary C. Smith, Cambridgeport, Mass., was a sufferer from dyspepsia and sick headache. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it the best remedy she ever used.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. Six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.
1yr18

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WHAT A DRUGGIST SAYS.

Mr. B. B. Merrill, a well known druggist of Brewer, Me., says: "I often hear my customers recommend

BELL'S SARSAPARILLA

for BLOOD, STOMACH and LIVER troubles." Now is the time to cleanse the blood, regulate the stomach and liver. Now is the time to try Bell's Sarsaparilla. You will never know its value as a medicine until you do. Only 100 cts per bottle.

BRAZILIAN Cough Syrup

Has been found the most speedy and certain *Cure of Coughs* of any preparation in use, *curing Coughs and Colds* in a few hours. Also speedily relieving *Hoarseness, Soreness of the Throat and Lungs, Pain and Tightness across the Chest, the Cough in Pleurisy, and Inflammation of the Lungs, Bronchitis.* Relieving *Asthma and Catarrh, Whooping Cough, Croup,* and added by "Dr. D. P. Ordway's Celebrated Handmade Plasters" will cure many of the advanced cases of *Consumption.*

Try it. Price, Large Bottle, 25 Cts.
—AT—
Wm. O. Poor & Son's and R. H. Moody's.
Feb 2, 1888.—3m

MARRIED.

In this city, June 16, by Rev. J. A. Savage, Frank M. Bailey and Miss Mary E. Holmes, both of Belfast.
In Boston, June 14, F. C. Gay and Miss Veretta I. Brier, both of Belfast.
In Camden, June 9, Eugene T. Richards and Nellie B. Dean, both of Lincolnville.
In Union, June 14, Capt. L. T. Whitmore, of Rockland, and Cora, daughter of Capt. Henry Sleeper, of Union.
In Rockland, June 14, Edwin B. Spear and Eva N., daughter of G. L. Farrand, both of Rockland.
In Lynn, Mass., June 13, Ralph R. Ulmer, Esq., of Rockland, and Annie C. Cooper, of Lynn, formerly of Rockland.
In Union, June 5, Joseph E. Butler and Estella Thompson, both of Union.
In Deer Isle, June 3, Edward L. Hardy and Rose L. Eaton, both of Deer Isle.
In Waldoboro, June 2, William A. Weil and Sadie E. Creamer, both of Waldoboro.
In Rockport, Mass., June 6, Lester E. Smith, of Gloucester, Mass., formerly of Ellsworth, and Miss Lillian L. Bartlett, of Mt. Desert.

DIED.

In this city, June 14, Hon. William M. Rust, aged 69 years and 6 months.
In Medfield, Mass., June 15, Mrs. L. M. Farnsworth, aged 78 years.
In Rockland, June 10, Mrs. Eley Coombs, aged 80 years, 3 months and 3 days.
In Rockland, June 10, Peter McIntire, aged 50 years, 5 months and 2 days.
In Cambridge, Mass., June 10, James C. Fuller, of Rockland, aged 43 years, 11 months and 11 days.
In Rockland, June 7, Mrs. Mary Brown, aged 80 years, 9 months and 28 days.
In Rockland, June 9, Rachel R. Pease, aged 59 years.
In Deer Isle, June 4, Mary A. Eaton, aged 54 years, 5 months and 22 days.
In Waldoboro, June 3, Martin Davis, aged 4 months.
In Waldoboro, June 3, Bethan B., wife of Isaac Lindsay, aged 54 years and 2 months.
In North Waldoboro, June 1, Mary Dolliam, aged 85 years and 9 months.
In Boston, May 28, Mrs. Nancy Andrews, widow of John Andrews, of Portland, formerly of West Camden, aged 74 years.
In Ellsworth, June 11, Mrs. Abbie, wife of William Duffee, aged 65 years.
In Bar Harbor, June 8, Mrs. Rebecca Richardson, aged 84 years and 1 month.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of the low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.
4m10

BELFAST PRICE CURRENT.

Produce Market.			Price Paid Producers.		
Apples ¢ bush		0 40	Hay ¢ ton,	8 00	13.00
" dried ¢ lb,		5	Hides ¢ lb,		4½
Beans, pea, ¢ bu,	2.75	3 00	Lamb ¢ lb,		14
" medium,	2.25	2.50	Lamb Skins,		90
" yellow eyes,	2.25	2.50	Mutton ¢ lb		6
Butter ¢ lb,		14	Oats ¢ bush,	32	35
Beef ¢ lb,		5	Potatoes,		40
Barley ¢ bush,	90	1.00	Round Hog ¢ lb,		7½
Cheese ¢ lb,		8	Straw ¢ ton,	6.00	7.00
Chicken ¢ lb,		9	Turkey ¢ lb,		9
Calf Skins ¢ lb,		8	Veal ¢ lb,		6
Duck ¢ lb,		0	Wool, washed	25	28
Eggs ¢ doz,		15	Wool, unwashed,	21	23
Fowl ¢ lb,		10	Wood, hard,	4.00	5.00
Geese ¢ lb,		0	Wood, soft,	3.00	3.50
Retail Market.			*Retail Market.*		
Beef, corned, ¢ lb,		7	Lime ¢ bbl,	1.00	1.15
Butter Salt, ¢ box,		16	Meal ¢ bu,	1.25	1.35
Corn ¢ bush,		70	Onions ¢ lb,		5
Cracked Corn ¢ bush,		70	Oil, kerosene, ¢ gal,		12
Corn Meal ¢ bush,		70	Pork ¢ lb,		5½
Cheese ¢ lb,		12	Pork ¢ lb,		9
Cotton Seed ¢ cwt,		1.55	Plaster ¢ bbl,	1.00	1.10
Codfish, dry, ¢ lb,		5	Rye Meal ¢ lb,		3½
Cranberries ¢ qt,		8	Shorts ¢ cwt,		1.35
Clover Seed ¢ lb,		10	Sugar ¢ lb,		8
Flour ¢ bbl,	5.00	6.25	Salt, T. I., ¢ bush,		45
H. G. Seed ¢ bu,	3.15	3.25	Sweet Potatoes ¢ lb,		0
Lard ¢ lb,		10	Wheat Meal ¢ lb,		3½

CLOSED OUT!

HAVING just closed out our business to MR. FRED G. WHITE, of this city, we would earnestly request all parties holding claims either for or against us to present the same at the earliest possible moment, as we intend leaving town soon. Parties wishing to settle accounts can do so by calling either at our office at MESSRS. F. H. FRANCIS & CO., or at the lower office at storehouse. Accounts not settled by July 10th, will be left with an attorney for collection.

BEN HAZELTINE.

Belfast, May 1st, 1888. 18

RAYMOND'S VACATION EXCURSIONS.

All Traveling Expenses Included.

Parties will leave Boston, Monday, July 23, Monday, August 20, and Monday, September 10, for **THREE GRAND TRIPS** to the

YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK,

with a complete Round of all the points of interest in **America's Wonderland,** and ample time for a thorough inspection of its many marvels. Incidental visits to Niagara Falls, Chicago, Milwaukee, the Dells of the Wisconsin, St. Paul, Minneapolis, the Falls of Minnehaha, Lake Minnetonka, the famous "Bad Lands," of Dakota, etc. **All Railway Travel in Palace Sleeping Cars. The parties to be limited in numbers.** In connection with the third excursion, there will be a **Tour Across the Continent,** with a **Return through California.** In addition to the above Summer and early Autumn tours through the **ROCKY MOUNTAINS IN COLORADO,** and **SEVENTEEN TRIPS IN JULY** to the famous Resorts of New England, Canada and the Middle States.
2t25

W. RAYMOND. I. A. WHITCOMB.

☞Send for descriptive circular, designating whether Yellowstone Park Tour, Colorado Excursion, or book of 17 Summer Trips is desired.

W. RAYMOND,
296 Washington St., opposite School St., Boston.

NOTICE!

COMMENCING **SUNDAY, JUNE 24th,** the coach will leave Revere House **every Sunday at 1 o'clock** for Northport Camp Ground.

WM. McCABE.

Belfast, June 20, 1888.—3m25

FOR A GOOD TEAM
—GO TO THE—
Revere House Livery Stable!
Belfast, June 20, 1888.—3m25

CONSOLIDATION!

TWO OF THE LARGEST STOCKS OF

HARDWARE,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, WINDOW and PICTURE GLASS, Carriage Woods & Irons, &c.

Having bought the entire stock, fixtures, good will, &c., of the late firm of

W. K. Morison & Co.,
COLISEUM BUILDING,
No. 47 Main St., Belfast, Me.,

I respectfully invite all customers and friends of the old firm to continue their patronage at the old place. To my old friends and customers I would say that I shall remove my extensive stock to the Coliseum Building soon, where I am prepared to give them GOOD BARGAINS in all goods in my line at the

Very Lowest Prices!

The consolidation of these two large stocks makes one of the largest stocks of goods in this State.

And in Order to Reduce My Surplus Stock,

I shall give my customers the benefit of lowest prices. I shall continue the agency for the sale of the celebrated

"Atlas Ready Mixed Paints."
The "Oriental Powder Mills" Gunpowder,
Masury's "Railroad Colors,"
and other standard goods.

☞ **CALL AND SEE ME.** ☜
COLISEUM BUILDING, 47 MAIN ST., BELFAST, MAINE.

A. C. BURGESS.
May 31, 1888.—1yr22

Unless THE Vestmakers OF WALDO COUNTY

Help me out for the next TWO MONTHS there will be 5,000 or 6,000 men wandering through the cold world this fall with coats buttoned up under their chins, and not a vest to their backs. Call or send for work. Good prices and cash when work is done.

GEO. A. QUIMBY.

Belfast, June 19, 1888.—23tf

CLOTHES WRINGERS,
PICNIC BASKETS,
CLOTHES PINS.
BROOMS, PAILS,
TUBS, &c., &c.,

SELLING CHEAP!
—HOWES & CO.—

THEY ARE SO CONVENIENT!

They act so quickly. There's nothing like them. They are so sure. They never fail.

This is the record, and these are the endorsements of thousands who have suffered from the variety of Stomach Troubles caused by

DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION,

and have gained no relief until they used

D. K.'S

when they received immediate benefit, and were permanently cured. An occasional use of

Dr. Mark R. Woodbury's Dyspepsia Killers,

will prevent Heartburn, or any disorders of the Stomach, and correct all conditions which lead to Dyspepsia and Indigestion. "Take a D. K. and be O. K." has become almost a world-wide maxim. Sold everywhere, 50 cents for a large box (trial box, 10 cents), and will be sent by mail to any part of the U. S. on receipt of price, by

Doolittle & Smith, 24 and 26 Tremont St., Boston.

One Ton of that 30c. TEA,

Direct from China, New Crop!

HOWES & CO.

FRED T. CHASE,

Graduate Optician,

AT THE STORE OF

Hiram Chase & Son, Jewelers,

25 Main St., Belfast. 6m21s

Bunker Mills

White Oats!

We buy direct of the manufacturers and can sell them LESS than they can be bought elsewhere.

Howes & Co.

POVERTY PARTY

In COOMBS' RINK,

For the benefit of R. C. Rankin,

Thursday Evening, June 21.

All are requested to appear in ancient calico or patched garments. The lady appearing in the most unique costume will receive a handsome hand painted fan valued at $5. You are requested to bring your own lunch.

Dance Tickets. - - 49 Cents.
Spectators, - - - 24 "

No one will be permitted to dance without an invitation, to be procured of the Dairy Maids or J. W. Knowlton. 1w25*

THE CELEBRATED GOLD DUST

WASHING POWDER!

The cheapest and best in the market.

—4 POUNDS FOR 25 CENTS!—
Try it and be convinced.

Howes & Co.

Waldo Woolen Mill,

HEAD OF TIDE, BELFAST.

Wool Carded.

Cloth & Yarn Manufactured.

—ALL WORK GUARANTEED.—

AGENTS,

ELLIS & GINN, No. 26 Church Street; J. E. DODGE, corner Main and Cross Streets, Belfast, and F. H. HANEY, East Knox.

B. F. HASKELL, Prop.
P. O. address Waldo, Maine. 3w25

SMOKE BRAYTON CIGARS!

The Best 10 Cent Cigar in the Market.

This is no puff, but frozen fact. For sale in Belfast by

WM. O POOR & SON.
2w25*

Commissioners' Notice.

WE the subscribers, having been appointed by George E. Johnson, Esq., to receive and examine the claims of creditors to the estate of BENJ. F. WARD, late of Thorndike, deceased, represented insolvent, to hereby give notice that six months are allowed to said creditors to bring in and prove their claims; and that we shall attend that service at the late residence of said deceased, on the last Saturday in June, and the last Saturday in December, 1888, at one o'clock in the afternoon of each day.

Dated at Belfast, the 13th day of June, 1888.

ALBERT W. WARD, } Comrs. of
ALBERT S. HIGGINS, } Insolvency.
3m25

Pork, Lard & Hams

BY

Howes & Co.

Professor G. Coutellier,

Bachelier Lettres, Licencie en droit of Paris Faculty. Teacher in

Berlitz School of Languages,

Which has branches in NEW YORK, BROOKLYN, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, PARIS and BERLIN.

Intending to spend all summer in Belfast will give private or class lessons, with the well known Berlitz method, which assures to the pupils a sufficient knowledge of the French language in a relatively short time. All lessons are in the shape of conversation without even an English word. Prof. Coutellier having made all his studies in Lyceums and Faculties of Paris, those who have already learned French may perfect themselves in the use and practice of conversation in this language. Trial lessons free. Terms of five, ten or fifteen weeks. For particulars and circulars apply at the Brooks House, Church Street, Belfast, Me.
2w25*

A. P.

MANSFIELD,

Masonic Temple,

Would Call Special Attention to His

FINE LINE

—OF—

Ladies' Hosiery!

—OF ALL—

PRICES,

QUALITIES and SIZES!

For the Next

TWO WEEKS

We shall make this department a—

Very Attractive One,

and think all customers can not fail to be pleased both with

ASSORTMENT & PRICE

A. P. MANSFIELD,

Masonic Temple.
Belfast, June 14, 1888.—21

Room Papers!

M. P. WOODCOCK & SON.

We are constantly receiving new patterns and claim to keep the

Best Assorted

lot of these goods in the city.

Remember We Have But One Price for All!

and you may save money by finding out what it is before purchasing.

WINDOW SHADES!

Our stock embraces every variety from **35c. to $1.25.** After looking elsewhere you will be satisfied to come and buy of us.

BASE BALL!

The season is close at hand and we are ready for it with a **FINE LINE** of the **BEST GOODS.** Country nines sending orders to us will have them promptly filled.

Novels and Periodicals!

We give particular attention to these, and try to keep a **FRESH** and **ATTRACTIVE LOT.** Look over our counters and see if you don't see something to suit you.

The Paul E. Wirt Fountain Pen

is acknowledged by all to be the best. We WARRANT every one we sell.

M. P. Woodcock & Son.
Belfast, May 17, 1888.—3m15

25 BOXES LEMONS!

SELLING LOW BY

Howes & Co.

Parasols!

Now opening one of the most extensive lines of Parasols ever offered in the city, which we will sell CHEAP. Also

Parasols for Children!

—AT—

B. F. Wells'.

PROBATE NOTICES.

At a Probate Court, held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1888.

BENJAMIN LEATHERS, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of DORCAS C. LEATHERS, late of Brooks, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented said will for Probate.

Ordered, That the said Benjamin Leathers give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1888.

ELIZA A. COOK, named Executrix in a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of JOHN L. COOK, late of Belfast, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented said will for Probate.

Ordered, That the said Eliza A. give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1888.

LUCY A. NICKELS, named Executrix in a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of DAVID NICKELS, late of Searsport, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented said will for Probate.

Ordered, That the said Lucy A. give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1888.

AN instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of OTIS HARRIMAN, late of Stockton, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having been presented for Probate by HENRIETTA P. HARRIMAN.

Ordered, That the said Henrietta P. give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1888.

MELISSA J. CHANDLER and ANN E. MYRICK sisters of ELLEN M. CAMBRIDGE, late of Unity, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented a petition that administration of said deceased's estate may be granted to ANDREW R. MYRICK, of said Unity.

Ordered, That the said Melissa and Ann give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 188.

LUCY E. PERKINS, Administratrix of the estate of HORACE S. PERKINS, late of Belfast, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented a petition for license to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will produce the sum of one thousand dollars, at public or private sale.

Ordered, That the said Lucy E. give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 1888.

FRANCES L. McINTOSH, Administratrix of the estate of JAMES H. McINTOSH, late of Belfast, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented a petition for license to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will produce the sum of three thousand dollars, and to see all of the real estate, as a sale of a part would injure the value of the residue, at public or private sale.

Ordered, That the said Frances L. give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 188.

ETTA CLIFFORD widow of HENRY L. CLIFFORD, late of Prospect, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented a petition for an allowance from the personal estate of said deceased.

Ordered, That the said Etta give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal, printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

At a Probate Court held at Belfast, within and for the County of Waldo, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D. 188.

LUCY E. PERKINS, widow of HORACE S. PERKINS, late of Belfast, in said County of Waldo, deceased, having presented a petition for an allowance from the personal estate of said deceased.

Ordered, That the said Lucy E. give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Republican Journal printed at Belfast, that they may appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Belfast, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of July next, at ten of the clock before noon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

WALDO SS.—In Court of Probate, held at Belfast, on the second Tuesday of June, 1888. FLORA M. WEED, Administratrix on the estate of JUDSON B. WEED, late of Swanville, in said County, deceased, having presented his first and final account of administration of said estate for allowance.

Ordered, That notice thereof be given, three weeks successively, in the Republican Journal, printed in Belfast, in said County, that all persons interested may attend at a Probate Court, to be held in Belfast, on the second Tuesday of July next, and show cause, if any they have, why the said account should not be allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

WALDO SS.—In Court of Probate, held at Belfast, on the second Tuesday of June, 1888. ABNER W. FLETCHER, Administrator on the estate of ALFRED A. PERRY, late of Burnham, in said County, deceased, having presented his final account of administration of said estate for allowance.

Ordered, That notice thereof be given, three weeks successively, in the Republican Journal, printed in Belfast, in said County, that all persons interested may attend at a Probate Court, to be held in Belfast, on the second Tuesday of July next, and show cause, if any they have, why the said account should not be allowed.

GEO. E. JOHNSON, Judge.

A true copy. Attest:—BOHAN P. FIELD, Register.

WALDO SS.—In Court of Probate, held at Belfast, on the second Tuesday of June, 1888. ANNIE L. McKEEN, Executrix on the estate

"IT WAS INHERITED."

The Fearful Effect of Heredity Upon the Lives of Men and Women—A Striking Case.

"The man or woman does not live who is free from hereditary influence." This remark was made by the celebrated Dr. Vanderville, of New York, to the Rev. De Brooks, at a recent convention of scientists.

"I agree with you, doctor," said De Brooks.

"Pure blood," continued the doctor, "is the great cause of health; impure blood the source of most diseases. It may even go back to the grandfather and affect his grandson."

"I know it in my own case," said the Reverend gentleman. Here he called Alfred C. Monroe, of No. 1 Dunlap Place, Boston. He looked like a hale, hearty man. Asked by parents, one of whom was blind, he suffered terribly from pains in the back and head, and at times when walking the dizziness came so bad that he was compelled to lay down at some convenient place and wait. He was in a great despondency.

"And is he still?" asked the doctor.

"Not a sign of it left," said Dr. Monroe, "I have not felt a pain in my back or arm for the last year."

"Do you feel nervous?"

"No, sir, I feel as strong as a lion."

"Oh, Harry, Harry, I don't know how well," said Dr. Vanderville, "I suppose it is the best remedy for the blood disorders, and I know it is no secret. Tell us what you take."

"Why, I take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, that all people who want a good medicine should take, and I am glad of an opportunity to speak to people about it. I think it would be doing humanity a great deal of good."

30w15

It chanced two damsels, wisely concluding on the delights of *home* in the home, resolved—each with purse equipped and merry heart,—an Organ good to purchase. The one did read the loud words of a vainglorious maker who would confer such bargains at cost of the case alone—so exceeding good in wealth and goodness. She was not loth to buy an Organ cheap, nor was he loth to sell a cheap Organ. She truly bought the Organ at the cost of the case, for was a case of experience, and she was, as it were, abundantly supplied. Her friend was more exceeding wise. From Brattleboro, Vt., she did an Errand Organ secure, than which there is none finer. Straightway there was *Music* in each home—but the one was the voice of a complaining woman and the other was sweet as shepherd's pipe.

W. C. TUTTLE, Agent, Belfast, Me.

27w0w13

Want of Sleep

causes thousands annually to the insane asylum and the doctors say this number is increasing alarmingly on the increase. Thousands of others, while they may not be actually insane, are likely to do more harm than good. What is needed is an Alterative and Blood-purifier. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is incomparably the best medicine for those disturbances of human nature in which some sleeplessness, loss of appetite, increased vitality, and restoration of nervous system to a healthful condition.

Rev. T. G. A. Cott, agent of the Mass. Home Missionary Society, writes that his memory was out of order, his sleep very often disturbed, and some impurity of the blood manifest; but that a perfect cure was obtained by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Frederick W. Pratt, 421 Washington street, Boston, writes: "My daughter was prostrated with nervous debility. Ayer's Sarsaparilla restored her to health."

William P. Bowker, Erie, Pa., was cured of nervousness and sleeplessness by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for about two months, during which time his weight increased over twenty pounds.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

1yr27

THEY DID IT.

What? Cured among others the following. They write:

89 Central ave., Cincinnati, O., January 4th, 1888.

Athlophoros Pills are small and pleasant to take, yet wonderfully effective in rheumatism, kidney and liver complaints, dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, headache, etc. They'll take away that tired feeling giving new life and strength.

Send 4 cents for the beautiful colored picture card.

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N. Y.

1yr13

SEARSPORT Lumber :-: Yard.

LEVI TRUNDY,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

LONG LUMBER,

Hemlock, Pine, Spruce,

—AND—

Hardwood & Flooring.

—ALSO—

CLAPBOARDS & LATHS!

SHINGLES A SPECIALTY.

Doors, Sash, Blinds,

Glazed Windows, Window Frames, Gutters & Conductors, Matched Pine & Spruce Sheathing.

—ALSO—

Lime, Hair and Cement.

Sold for CASH as low as can be bought in the County.

Searsport, May 30, 1888.—3w22 1e3w

AFTERNOON Dancing School

AT PIERCE'S PARLOR THEATRE.

Mr. J. C. WHITTEN

—WILL HAVE A GRAND FREE OPENING—

Saturday, June 23, at 2 P. M., Local,

of his Dancing School for MISSES and MASTERS. A term of **twelve afternoon lessons** will be given. ☞Genteel deportment a specialty.

J. C. WHITTEN.

Belfast, June 14, 1888—2w24

Millinery!

NOW OPEN ALL THE

Latest and Leading Styles in MILLINERY!

Our stock is the largest in the city. Stock and store are too well known for further details.

Pleased to see all who are in want of

Hats, Bonnets and Trimmings!

Mrs. B. F. WELLS.

For the Journal.

To a Photograph.

Before me lies a pictured face,
With perfect features, true and fair,
A noble brow replete with grace
And darkly crowned with clustering hair.

A world of light lives in the eyes,
That shine with youth's own fervid glow,
A deep, strange gleam that underlies
The surface's calm and tranquil flow.

What allen blood throbs in thy veins,
And dyes the pulsing life blood through,
And fires the starry eye, and stains
Thy cheek and brow with olive hue?

Did some proud girl whose beauty grew
In grace and glow 'neath Southron clime,
Unite with blue eyed Saxon true
In some remote, forgotten time?

Or did some loving gipsy maid
Forsake her own, in years gone by,
And thus bequeath the light and shade
That glows and slumbers in thine eye?

O friend, no answer backward comes
From the pictured face that smiles on me,
Only the lips in language dumb
Seems to murmur distantly,

"I know not whence came the flushing tide
That mantles dark with ruddy hue,
I only repeat, with honest pride,
My heart is tender, tried and true."

HELEN N. PACKARD.

Read the Next ☞

Column Article. ☞

Nix's Mate.

BY HEZEKIAH BUTTERWORTH.

"The tide rises strong, and the sea grows dark,
Hark ye, Pilot!"
(Cling—clang—cling!)
The night wind freshens and drives the bark.
(Cling!)
The sluggish fog horns fill the air,
And fitful is the beacon's glare,
And near us lies an island bare,
Hark ye, hark ye!"
(Cling—clang—cling!)

"Quiet, lad, 'tis the bell buoy tolls
As the heavy sea beneath it rolls,
The lights are bright on the long sea wall,
I know the reefs where the breakers fall,
And I know where there are no rocks at all."

"But the isle is black, without shoals or sands,
Hark ye, hark ye!"
(Cling—clang—cling!)
And black on the rock the beacon stands.
(Cling!)
And the bell buoy's voice has a warning tone,
And flares the light on the pile of stone,
What makes the isle so black and lone?
Hark ye, hark ye!"
(Cling—clang—cling!)

"That island, boy, was once fresh and green,
The fairest isle in the harbor scen,
'Tis the ghost of an isle that you yender see,
Now the bell strikes one, now the bell strikes three
And the night shades fall, and the wind blows free."

"The trees are gone, the fields, the shore,
And the heron comes to the reef no more,
No sea gull's wing to the rock dips down,
No petrel white nor seamew brown,
Not boat stops there from port or town."

"Do you know the rocks of the reft sea wall?—
Hark ye, Pilot!"
(Cling—clang—cling!)
"I know where there are no rocks at all."
(Cling!)
"Then, Pilot, we're safe, so tell to me
The tale of this isle on the haunted sea,
While the bell strikes one, and the bell strikes three!
Hark ye, hark ye!"
(Cling—clang—cling!)

"Listen, boy, the tide runs fast
Where the green isle lay in the years long past.
There once a gibbet the moon shone through,
And its iron frame as the high winds blew,—
There the crimes of the sea received their due.

"Old Nix was a captain hard and bold,
And he reaped the sea and gathered gold;
He gathered gold, but one windy night
They found him dead 'neath the grisnade light,
And his mate stood near him, dumb and white.

"And his mate they seized,—a young sailor, he—
And charged him with murder upon the sea.
And they brought him here where the island lay
Where the gibbet rose o'er the windy bay;
'Twas more than a hundred years today."

"O Pilot, Pilot! how dark it grows!
Hark ye, hark ye!"
(Cling—clang—cling!)
Across the bay the fog wind blows.
(Cling!)
The beacons turn in the fog clouds drear,
And my heart is chilled with nameless fear;
They did not hang that sailor here?
Hark ye, hark ye!"
(Cling—clang—cling!)

"Here lay the ship, and the island there,
And the sun on the summer oaks shone fair,
And they took him there 'mid the chains to die,
And he gazed on the green shores far and nigh,
Then turned his face to the open sky.

"And he said, 'Great Heaven, receive my prayer;
The shores are green and the isles are fair,
To my guiltless life my witness be;
Let the green isle die 'mid the sobbing sea,
And the sailors see it, and pity me.

"In her old thatched cottage my mother will spin,
And dream of her boy on the coast of Lynn,
Or watch from her door 'neath the linden tree;
O Heaven, just Heaven, my witness be,
Let the island beneath sink into the sea.

"Let it waste, let it waste in the moaning waves,
With its withered oaks and its pirates' graves,
Till it lie on the waters black and bare,
The ghost of an isle, 'mid the islands fair,
Where bells shall toll and beacons glare!"

"He died, and the island shrank each year,
The green trees withered, the grass grew sere,
And the rock itself turned black and bare
And fitful beacons rose in air,
And the bell buoy rings forever there.

"The bell buoy rings in the moaning sea,
And it now strikes one, and it now strikes three!"

Thurman on the Stump.

The bringing forward at St. Louis of Judge Thurman, the red bandanna statesman of Ohio, has started a new round of stories about that ancient, time-worn, moss-backed Bourbon politician. It is remembered that in the midst of the successful enforcement of the resumption policy, he made a speech at Hamilton, Ohio, in which he declared resumption an impossibility and failure. When that noted fiat money advocate, Gen. Thomas Ewing, was nominated by the Democrats for Governor of Ohio in 1879, resumption had been accomplished and the credit of the Government carried paper money on an equality with gold and silver. Very little of the coin, however, as compared with the volume of paper money, was distributed over the country. Senator Thurman went on the stump in Ohio, where in his first speech he ridiculed the idea that resumption had been effected and called on his audience to know if any of them had seen any gold or any silver. He then cited the absence of the coin as a proof that resumption was only a sham. Being one of the great men of the party, Thurman was only called upon to speak once in three days. His next appointment was at Bellaire, a thriving manufacturing town in eastern Ohio, where it happened that pay day occurred the day before he was announced to speak. Charles Foster, who was running against Ewing, having all these facts before him, telegraphed to a number of banker friends at Bellaire, and had the funds for pay day told off to the manufacturers in gold and silver. The workingmen were then asked to go to Judge Thurman's meeting. The old statesman was greatly elated by the apparent enthusiasm in his honor. He started into his speech with much vigor and presently coming to the money question, snorted out the question:

"Resumption is a sham, for what workingmen have seen any gold or silver?"

Instantly two or three hundred right hands dove down into as many pockets and as quickly went up into the air exhibiting the shining coin, while as many throats shouted in deafening chorus:

"We have."

The Old Roman was confounded by this practical answer to his inquiry. He finished his speech as best he could and then on plea of illness cancelled his engagements for two weeks, while he rested at Bellaire and revised his manuscript. [N. Y. Tribune.

Miss Alice Woodhall, extradited from England, charged with forging the signature of John Gilbe for $52,000 worth of bonds, was released in New York the 8th inst., and rearrested on another charge of forgery.

Impurities of the blood often cause great annoyance at this season; Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, and cures all such affections.

The manuscript of an unpublished story by Horace Greeley is advertised. As no one has yet been able to read it, it is believed to be one of his best performances.

Advice to Mothers.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething is the prescription of one of the best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. During the process of teething its value is incalculable. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels, and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25c. a bottle. 1yr48

A Milwaukee justice has decided that a hen is not a domestic animal. Come to think of it, most of the Biddies are imported, notwithstanding they are classed as domestics.

Keep sweet your breath—if maid or wife,
Or old or young, or large or small,
If you have any hope in life—
If you have any friends at all.
Keep sweet your breath—and heed the warning,
Use SOZODONT each night and morning!

Like the Perfume Wafted

from beds of flowers is the breath that has been rendered agreeably odorous with SOZODONT, which communicates to the teeth a marble whiteness, and to the gums a rosate tint. Use it, and beautify your mouth.

People in a Michigan village are greatly excited over the nightly appearance of a colored woman's ghost. A colored woman's ghost must have a nightly appearance, that's a fact.

Unable to Tell.

Yes, that was so. For years I suffered severely with scrofula; sores broke out all over my body, and I am unable to tell one half that I suffered. I was not able to obtain relief until I used Sulphur Bitters, which completely cured me.—C. B. DALE, 17 Allston street, Boston. 2w25

A lady, writing on kissing, says that a kiss on the forehead denotes reverence for the intellect. But everybody does not seem to rate very highly for the intellect of the man who does the kissing.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

2yrs50

A Campaign of Principle.

Senator M. S. Quay of Pennsylvania says: "My idea of this campaign is that it will be fought out on principle, and that the nominee's personality will make less impression one way or the other than since 1880, provided only that he shall be clean, honest, able and wholly representative, as John Sherman undoubtedly and admittedly is. With the issue clearly drawn, the fight will be on principle. The men who have been unjustly turned out of office, the veterans of the war, the Protective Tariff Democrats and the dissatisfied Democrats make up an army of workers who will offset the Federal offices twice over in zeal, efficiency and capable political action. With these elements and the Republican organization, Mr. Cleveland can be defeated by any leading representative Republican."

PEOPLE GENERALLY BELIEVE that if the Blood is pure, the health will be good. The purity of the blood is guaranteed only when the kidneys are naturally active. The fluids may flow freely, and yet the kidneys fail to keep the blood clean. This will be indicated if you have **MALARIA, STOMACH TROUBLES, RHEUMATISM, SALT RHEUM, SCROFULA, SKIN DISEASES, IMPOTENCY, HEADACHES, LAME BACK, NEURALGIA, CARBUNCLES AND BOILS, ABSCESSES, WEAK EYES, NERVOUSNESS, POOR APPETITE,** and in women **FEMALE TROUBLES.** These disorders show that your blood is full of uric, kidney, acid poison, **AND YOU CAN NEVER GET WELL** until you clean out the blood with the only recognized scientific blood tonic,

"Warner's Safe Cure."

ANOTHER $10.00 Stand Lamp

TO BE GIVEN AWAY AT THE

Boston 5 & 10 Cent Store.

Remember any one buying ONE DOLLAR'S worth of goods or more at any one time has a chance.

I keep constantly on hand the largest line of

Crockery, Glass, Tin, Granite Iron & Wooden Ware,

Croquet Sets, Ice Cream Freezers, Carts, Bird Cages, Lunch Baskets, Vases, Toys, Hanging Lamps, &c., &c.,

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

Mrs. G. A. Stevens, of Stockton, got the lamp drawn May 31st. Who gets this one?

G. H. COPELAND,

20 HIGH STREET.

RemembeR

—THAT OUR—

COFFEES!

Are FRESH ROASTED every week and that we get them of the LARGEST Coffee House in New England.

HOWES & CO.

MARK ANDREWS' CLOTHING HOUSE!

Unapproachable Bargains to Close the Season!

An Opportunity of Special Importance to Cash Buyers Throughout Waldo Co.!

Our Entire Wholesale Stock to be Closed out at Retail before July 4th

AT PRICES NEVER BEFORE HEARD OF!

Our limited space prevents our mentioning but very few of the bargain lots offered, but we guarantee from now until July 4th GREATEST BARGAINS in

Fine Ready Made Clothing, Furnishing Goods, HATS & CAPS!

LOT NO. 1.

We offer 25 Children's Suits, Strictly all wool, Short Pants, age 3 to 12 years, at only $3 a Suit.

LOT NO. 2.

25 Dark Check All Wool Suits, age 4 to 14, only $3.50 per Suit.

This would be a Bargain at $5.00.

LOT NO. 3.

25 Sailor Suits only $1.19 Each. Former Price $2.00.

ALSO CHOICE STYLES IN NORFOLK SUITS! Just made up in several styles at VERY LOW PRICES!

LOT NO. 4.

Youths' Strictly All Wool Suits at only $5.00 per Suit.

LOT NO. 5.

Men's Check, sizes 34 to 44, at only $7.00 per Suit, Former Price $10.00.

LOT NO. 6.

Men's All Wool Suits and Latest Styles, at only $7.00 per Suit.

Also Choice Patterns at $9, $10, $11 and $12.50 per Suit.

From now until July 4th I shall give away with every Boys' Suit a Bat & Ball free of charge.

—PLEASE CALL BEFORE PURCHASING.—

MARK ANDREWS,

11 Phœnix Row, - - Belfast, Me.

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE & RETAIL CLOTHING HOUSE IN WALDO CO.

STOCKTON MINERAL SPRING WATER!

For the cure of Bright's Disease, Calculi, Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bladder, Kidney Complaints of all kinds, Rheumatism, Gout, Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Eczema, Nervous Complaints, Salt Rheum, Impurities of the Blood, &c., &c.

N. B. The action of the water thoroughly cleanses the system, is a very mild cathartic, but powerful in its action on the kidneys; being also a **TONIC,** *it maintains the strength, imparting renewed vigor and energy.*

—AS A TABLE WATER UNEXCELLED.—

DIRECTIONS FOR USING ACCOMPANY THE PACKAGES.

PRICE LIST:

Per Barrel 40 Gallons	$7.00	50 Quart Bottles in Case	$6.00
$1.25 allowed for empty Barrel when returned in good order.		$1.50 allowed for Case and Bottles when returned in good order.	
Per 5 Gallons in Jug	2.25	24 Quart Bottles in Case	3.00
$1.00 allowed for Jug in good order.		$1.00 allowed for Case and Bottles when returned in good order.	
Per 4 Gallons in Jug	1.80	In Carboys, 13 Gallons	5 25
80c. allowed for Jug in good order.		$2.00 allowed for Carboys returned in good order.	
Per 3 Gallons in Jug	1.40	Per Gallon without Jug	.25
65c. allowed for Jug in good order.		By the Glass, FREE, at the Springs.	
Per 2 Gallons in Jug	1.00		
50c. allowed for Jug in good order.			

Jugs, Demijohns, &c, brought, will be filled at the Springs, Fifteen Cts. per Gallon.

—ADDRESS,—

Stockton Mineral Spring Co.,

STOCKTON, WALDO COUNTY, MAINE.

PHYSICIANS, CHEMISTS, PHARMACISTS, &c., INVITED TO INVESTIGATE.

Paine's Celery Compound

WEAK NERVES

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND is a Nerve Tonic which never fails. Containing Celery and Coca, those wonderful nerve stimulants, it speedily cures all nervous disorders.

RHEUMATISM

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND purifies the blood. It drives out the lactic acid, which causes Rheumatism, and restores the blood-making organs to a healthy condition. It is the true remedy for Rheumatism.

KIDNEY COMPLAINTS

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND quickly restores the liver and kidneys to perfect health. This curative power, combined with its nervine tonics, makes it the best remedy for all kidney complaints.

DYSPEPSIA

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND strengthens the stomach, and quiets the nerves of the digestive organs. This is why it cures even the worst cases of Dyspepsia.

CONSTIPATION

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND is not a cathartic. It is a laxative, giving easy and natural action to the bowels. Regularity surely follows its use.

Recommended by professional and business men. Send for book.

Price $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

CURES Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervous Weakness, Stomach and Liver Diseases, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all affections of the Kidneys.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO. Prop's BURLINGTON, VT.

1yr6nrm

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

FOR INTERNAL —AND— EXTERNAL USE.

Cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Influenza, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhœa, Kidney Troubles, and Spinal Diseases. We will send free, postpaid, to all who send their names, an Illustrated Pamphlet containing information of very great value. Everybody should have this book and those who send for it will never after thank their lucky stars.

THE MOST WONDERFUL FAMILY REMEDY EVER KNOWN.

All whose any or order direct from us, and request it, shall receive a certificate that the money shall be refunded if not abundantly satisfied. Retail price, 35 cts.; 6 bottles, $2.00. Express prepaid to any part of the United States or Canada. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., P. O. Box 2115, Boston, Mass.

1y42

IF USED UP

With the below mentioned diseases buy a bottle of HUTCHINSON'S ANTI-APOPLECTINE. It is warranted to cure.

Symptoms that indicate the use of ANTI-APOPLECTINE:—Dizziness or Pressure in the Head, Spots before Eyes, Pain Around or Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in Region of Heart with feeling of Suffocation, Ringing Sound in Ears, Numbness and Prickly Sensation of Limbs, especially the Arm, Pain between Shoulders and in Side, Dry Cough, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, or if suffering from General Debility with Loss of Appetite, Short Breath or Wheezy Breathing.

Helplessness Caused by Paralysis, Rheumatism, Heart Disease, Liver, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Chronic Bronchitis and certain forms of Dyspepsia.

IT STRENGTHENS, PURIFIES AND INVIGORATES.

$1.00 AT ALL DRUGGISTS'.

DR. F. S. HUTCHINSON & COMPANY,

—PROPRIETORS,—

ENOSBURGH FALL, VERMONT, U. S. A.

Send 15 cents for a copy of "100 Emergencies and How to Treat Them, or What to Do Before You Get the Doctor." Neatly bound and profusely illustrated. A "Treatise on Apoplexy" will be mailed free to any address.

1yr32

Trouble ON Main St.

What's the Matter?

J. C. THOMPSON & SON

Have more goods than they can get into their large store, and must sell at some price to make room for NEW GOODS now on the way.

So come and get prices. We shall give GREAT BARGAINS for the next thirty days.

"Square Dealing and Low Prices!"

Is Our Motto.

J. C. Thompson & Son,

39 MAIN STREET.

Belfast, May 17, 1888.—3m20

ATTENTION!

Fernald & Mudgett,

(Successors to Fernald Bros.)

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

CEMETERY WORK!

—ANY ONE IN WANT OF—

MONUMENTS or TABLETS,

Headstones,

Curbing, - Marble - or - Granite,

Should call and see our fine show of work on hand at our yard. Here you will find all erected, the BEST COLLECTION of

Monuments, Tablets & Headstones

ever shown in Eastern Maine. We are the only firm in this section that does Granite and Marble work and do

Polishing by Steam Power!

Which enables us to sell our work for LESS prices than can be afforded elsewhere. It is no trouble for us to show our work.

Estimates and Designs!

furnished on short notice.

PLEASE GIVE US A CALL.

West End of Shoe Factory,

Pleasant St., Belfast, Me.

J. F. FERNALD. A. L. MUDGETT.

CITY BAKERY!

74 Main St.

If you want the **FINEST BREAD** ever cooked in Waldo County, call for

JONES'

HOME MADE!

We can give you six kinds of Bread if you wish, but the **HOME MADE** is the BOSS. Our

Cookies, Pies, Cakes,

BROWN BREAD & BEANS, &c.,

are as fine as any in town. Try them. Thanking the people for the liberal patronage the past year, we hope by the continuance of the same and strict attention to business to improve the Baking business in this city the next year as much as we have in the past.

CALL AND SEE US.

Respectfully,

F. A. JONES & Co.

Belfast, June 13, 1888.—24

ALL KINDS

—OF—

Ladies' White Cotton

UNDER-CLOTHING!

The best made and at LOWER PRICE than ever before offered in this or any other market.

$ .37	GARMENTS FOR	$	.25.
.75	"	"	.50.
1.00	"	"	.75.
1.12	"	"	.88.
1.25	"	"	1.00.
2.00	"	"	1.50.

Please give us a call before you buy.

B. F. WELLS.

Belfast, April 12, 1888.—3m15

SUMMER COURSE

—OF—

Piano Lessons in Belfast,

—BY—

Mrs. Martha K. Palmer, of Boston,

Pupil of Wm. H. Sherwood 4 years, also of Mme. Schiller and Karl Klindworth, Berlin, Germany. Mrs. Palmer teaches **Mr. Sherwood's method,** giving special attention to developing a singing quality of touch; a flexible wrist for all styles of octave practice and a taste for fine classical and modern music. Mrs. Palmer will be in the city about **July 1st,** and will arrange to give a course of 10 private lessons in 5 weeks, 10 class (of three) lessons in 5 weeks, or **a graded list of studies and pieces** adapted for each player, given after personal examination, covering the ground of 10 lessons for home study. 4w23

WANTED.

Good Vest Makers, Pants Makers and FINISHERS!

To whom the best work and best prices will be given. The goods will be delivered to any part of Waldo County. Apply to

H. O. DODGE.

Belfast, May 14, 1888.—tf20.

Second Hand Carriage

FOR SALE!

THE subscriber has for sale cheap a good second hand TOP CARRIAGE. For further particulars enquire of F. M. Lancaster, at his store, Main Street, or of J. L. Sleeper, with R. H. Coombs & son, Main Street.

Belfast, May 15, 1888.—20tf

MOVED! MOVED!

W. H. RICHARDS has removed to **No. 18 Main Street,** over Bean's Hat Store, where he will be pleased to see all of his old customers and lots of new ones. Call and see his large stock of Sewing Machines, and if you don't wish to buy **bring** in your old one and have it cleaned and repaired. Oil, needles, and parts for all kinds of machines.

Belfast, Feb. 2, 1888.—3tf

F. L. BANKS,

Attorney & Counselor at Law,

MAIN STREET, CAMDEN, ME.

Collecting and Conveyancing a Specialty.

March 15, 1888.—6m11

HATS! HATS!!

SPRING STYLES.

All the Latest Shapes & Colors

—IN—

STIFF & SOFT HATS,

SILK HATS!

—AND—

--Boys' Suits!--

Don't buy one till you have examined my line. The best Suit for the money in the city.

—MEN'S—

FURNISHING GOODS.

First-Class Goods!

—Low Prices!

Dwight P. Palmer,

Masonic Temple,

BELFAST, - - MAINE.

April 12, 1888.—1yr15

WANTED!

Machine Girls!
Pants Finishers!
Pants Makers!
Vest Makers!
Coat Makers!

NO LIMIT TO WORK.

Don't Complain of Hard Times. Go to Work!

W. A. CLARK.

FOR SALE

15 Sewing Machines, 1 Button Hole Machine, 1 Pressing Machine, Fixtures, Furniture, &c.

—CONTAINED IN THE—

SHOE FACTORY ANNEX.

Rent and power very reasonable. Run by me as a Pants Factory past 8 months. Used as a Pants Factory past 5 years. Business established. Everything in complete running order. Will furnish work to pay for machinery. No bonus. Reason for selling plenty of room at the High St. building; business all together. Engine, boiler, machinery, etc. ordered.

☞*Call or Write for Particulars.*

W. A. CLARK,

Belfast, Maine.

June 14, 1888.—4w24

—THE—

LEADING SPRING STOCK,

ECLIPSING ALL OTHERS IN

Quantity, Quality and Price!

We are prepared to show startling bargains in

Mens & Boys' Clothing

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS!

—Beyond question or doubt the—

Finest Assortment

—OF—

Latest Styles and Finest Qualities

that will be offered in this market. Look where you will but don't buy before visiting

D. L. Peavy,

Old Stand, 119 High St, Belfast, Me.

April 5, 1888.—3m14

Belfast and Moosehead Lake

RAILROAD COMPANY.

CLERK'S OFFICE,
BELFAST, June 11, 1888.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of this corporation will be held at the Court House in Belfast, on **Wednesday, July 11, 1888, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,** for the following purposes, viz: 1st. To hear and act upon the reports of the Directors and Treasurer.

2d. To elect nine Directors for the ensuing year.

3d. To act upon any other business that may legally come before said meeting.

Per Order. JOHN H. QUIMBY, Clerk.

Contractors and Builders.

THE undersigned are prepared to make contracts to build or repair buildings of every description. Competent workmen and designers furnished at short notice. In addition to lumber of every description we are prepared to furnish workmen, staging, and everything needed in building and repairing.

Shingling Made a Specialty.

HALL & COOPER.

Belfast, Sept. 15, 1887.—37

Farm for Sale.

The undersigned will sell his farm, about 20 acres of good farming land (1 mile from Post Office on Belmont road) at a great bargain. It has a good barn on premises 32x36, nice well of water, and cuts from 11 to 15 tons of hay. Inquire of

WM. BURKETT,
Corner Main and Cedar Sts.

Or G. W. BURKETT, 81 and 83 Main St.

Belfast, April 26, 1888.—tf17

For Sale.

The two story, double tenement house, situated on the corner of Union and Commercial streets. This house is in good repair has an excellent well of water, lot for gardening, and will be sold at a reasonable price. Apply on the premises.

Inquire of L. T. COTTRELL.

Belfast, May 25, 1888.—22tf

For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale his dwelling house on High street, Belfast. The house is in good condition and pleasantly located. Terms easy.

O. W. FRENCH.

Belfast, May 26, 1888.—22

MR. J. BUSSY

WISHES to inform the public that he has **three living springs** on his farm in Monroe which would be a very desirable place in which to foster trout or other sorts of fish. Any one desiring such will do well to call at the P. O. in Monroe Village, Me., for further particulars.

Monroe, Me., May 31, 1888.—3w23

Boat for Sale!

A DOUBLE END CENTER-BOARD ROWING BOAT, with mast and sail, for sale cheap by

MRS. O. L. HARRIMAN,

Stockton, Me.

3w23*

WANTED!

A **BUSHELER** to work in my vest shop, one who has had some experience in examining and bushelling vests. Address

T. A. ELLIOTT Brooks, Me.

3w23*

Freedom Notice.

THIS is to certify that I have given to my minor son, WILBUR A. MACOMBER, the remainder of his time during his minority. I shall claim none of his earnings, nor pay any debts of his contracting after this date. C. O. MACOMBER.

Belfast, June 12, 1888.—3w24*

FOR JULY 4th,

3,000 Cases Assorted

FIREWORKS

Now ready for free delivery

to the purchaser who orders any one of the Collections, and remits the price we name below, viz: for

No. 1	.50	contain'g	30	pieces,	assort'd	kinds
" 2	$1.00	"	50	"	"	"
" 3	2.00	"	53	"	"	"
" 4	3.00	"	62	"	"	"
" 5	5.00	"	72	"	"	"
" 6	10.00	"	65	"	"	"
" 7	15.00	"	70	"	"	"
" 8	25.00	"	75	"	"	"
" 9	35.00	"	80	"	"	"
" 10	50.00	"	65	"	"	"
" 11	100.00	"	60	"	"	"
" A	200.00	"	110	"	"	"

These cases contain from a Toy Exhibit to a City's Exhibition, and will be found immensely superior to any similar collections, being made in imitation of them, by rival pyrotechnists.

Our manufactures are acknowledged to be of the highest grade, superior in finish, perfect in detail, safe to use. (We do not make or sell cheap Fireworks.)

No other goods compare with their excellence in original combinations, artistic designs, duration of color and variety of material. Thousands of customers in New England have endorsed their merit since our first introduction of them in 1870. For the Season of 1888 they are "just splendid," the best we can make.

A direct order to us, saves the purchaser 50 per cent. on retail prices, freight and express charges also.

Send for descriptive Catalogue, and get your order in early. Address

MASTEN & WELLS,

Manufacturers, Etc.,

Office 18 Hawley, near Milk Street.

BOSTON, MASS. 2w21

Snowblack

TRADE MARK.

This is the Stockin'
That ne'er is Crockin'
Wi' washin' & walkin'—
The Snowblack Stockin'

The SNOWBLACK are the best black Half-Hose in the market. They are of a fast and unfading color, soft and glossy, and so dyed as not to be tender.

The SNOWBLACK are SHAWKNIT, which are the best-fitting and most comfortable of Half-Hose.

FOR SALE BY

SIDNEY KALISH,
D. P. PALMER,
MARK ANDREWS,

—and the trade generally.—

SHAW STOCKING CO.,

LOWELL, MASS. 3m21

BROOKS CARRIAGES.

Harry E. Staples

has for sale some nice open Wagons, Carriages, and Skeletons, which he will sell at as good bargains as can be obtained in Waldo County. It is for your interest to call and see him at his new repository, where a good variety of stock in his line is kept constantly on hand.

Brooks Village, May 1, 1888.—3m18

DR. P. E. LUCE,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

BELFAST, - MAINE.

Office Over Hervey's Jewelry Store, No. 103 Phœnix Row.

Office hours from 7 to 9 A. M., and 2 to 4 P. M. Office open evenings from 7 until 9, except when professionally engaged.

Night calls promptly answered from the office. Diseases of Women and Children a specialty.

E. N. B. I shall open in connection with my general practice a **PRIVATE DISPENSARY.** For this purpose I shall be in my office every **Tuesday and Saturday from 10 A. M., until 4. P. M.,** when I will make all examinations and consultations *free of charge.* At all other times my prices for professional visits and consultations will conform to the schedule established by the Waldo Co. Medical Association.

Belfast, May 10, 1888.—1yr

ENGINES AND BOILERS.

Lidgerwood M'f'g Co.'s Hoisting Engines. 300 DIFFERENT STYLES AND SIZES.

New York Safety Steam Power Co.'s Horizontal and Vertical Automatic Engines.

Specially adapted for Electric Light duty, highest grades of workmanship; over 1,000 in use.

ATLAS ENGINE WORKS STATIONARY AND PORTABLE ENGINES.

Plain slide valve and automatic. Nearly 6,000 in use. These engines are sold for less money than any other engine of equal value. A full line of the above engines in stock.

Boilers of every description, **Stone Crushers,** Wire Rope, Etc.

J. H. HOUGHTON,

65 Canal St. and 159 Friend St.,

BOSTON, MASS. 3m25

Minetto Window Shades

in all colors. The Art Shades are Decorated and Transparent. All Minetto Shades, Plain or Decorated, are unsurpassed in Beauty, Durability and Finish. Mounted on first-class Spring Roller ready to hang.

6m15

Valuable Real Estate

AT AUCTION!

THE well known Capt. E. F. CUNNINGHAM farm, containing one hundred acres, situated in Northport on the stone road, about two miles from the city of Belfast, will be sold by public auction, on the premises, **June 30, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M.,** together with the farming tools, unless sold by private sale before that time. There are on this estate about forty acres of the most desirable shore lots for summer cottages on the Penobscot Bay, which will be sold separately if desired.

CHAS. BAKER, Agent.

Belfast, June 4, 1888.—4w25

MARBLE WORKS!

W. T. HOWARD,

MANUFACTURER OF

Monuments, Tablets and Grave Marks!

of the best American & Italian Marble.

Also **Marble Shelves** always on hand.

Any one in want of Cemetery work